THE CITIZEN.

A Family Newspaper. Eight Pages.

VOL. VII.

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BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, APRIL 26, 1906.

One Dollar a Year.

TAKE NOTICE.

Prof. J. W. Robertson, Commissioner of Agriculture for the Dominion of Canada will speak in the Berea College Chapel on Saturday, May 5. either at 10 a. m., or 2 p. m. as will be announced next week.

Prof. Robertson is a practical farmer, and through his advice the farmers of Canada have so improved their products as to put millions of dollars in their pockets. He has probably done more for the men who till the soil than any other person that ever lived. He knows how to talk to farmers. Come and learn how to get more money out of your farm. He comes at the invitation of Berea College, and the lecture is free

thou shalt not respect persons, neither take a gift; for a gift (bribe) doth blind the eyes of the wise, and pervert the words of the righteous. If and the occasion will be long re--Deut. 16:19.

nomination is the same in all denomi- Thursday evening by Professor nomination is the same in all denominations: it is pure religion—ethics charged with emotion. Theology has no part or lot in it. The vital relations is the same in all denomination is the sa no part or lot in it. The vital religion of to-day is drawn from these lunch, they were taken to Williams convictions: the fatherhood of God; Cottage where rooms had been prethe brotherhood of man; the leader-ship of Jesus Christ; salvation by tary Gamble as cicerone they visited ly of what Berea has done and is discussed quite generally. Professor character; onward and upward for the different buildings of the College. ever. And their translation into Especially were they interested in practical life gives us the Golden the industrial buildings and the work Friday morning the vi Rule. Now these are the precise con- going on in them. tents of the Gospel. And they are almost as revolutionary of present conditions as they were of those in the members of the convention, sat the days of Jesus But conservations. the days of Jesus. But conservatie or down to a banquet where they were of Ashland, and Superintendent was called up to testify to its existradical, they—and not the creeds—enabled to test another line of the Mark, of Louisville addressed the
Laurel Campbell of Boyd, Garrett. are the everlasting Gospel. And they, industrial work of the institution. students and teachers. Both gentle-

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

as "unmitigated nuisance," as the Louisville Times calls him, is again in evidence. He is greatly worried over the fact that a million negroes are scattered around in the northern states, and is exploiting his new dramatized novel, The One Woman, in a presented effort to raise money to great so as to have a proper rotation by consecrating their lives to their dering of The Clansman at Spring-field, Mo., one would think that one and care to the building up of Sun-was spent in visiting classes. who ever read his Bible would wish day and day schools and the social to suppress himself, at least for a and religious life of his community.

sents the people. It opposed the teachers to add to his force in Louis-Roosevelt policy on the Panama can-ville, he would revolutionize the al, the Philippines, civil service, reschools of that city. Supt. Mark trustee system, and in leaving action cent legislation for railroads, and spoke encouragingly to the teachers the San Domingo treaty." Are we and Superintendents and very ap-going to permit this sort of thing to preciatively of the work that is be-

message to the Senate asking that ern part of it. been opened in all the centers of population. Secretary Taft asks that an appropriation of \$1,000,000 be made to enable the War Department to continue its work of relief.

She spoke of all position to reward their political friends. Another objection made to the law was in its taking all immediate control over the schools from the patrons. The features desired in new legislation were adequate salaries for

FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

in course of operations to subdue a persimmon, "on a tall, tall, tall" the natives. And all this for a ter-

the Library can do for those who cuperates from the strenuous life, threatens to invade the United States. He says the invasion is to be for two purposes. One is to convince the people here that he is not the swashbuckler and semi-savage that he has been painted, and the other is to show them that he knows the rights of Venezuela and purposes the rights of Venezuela and purposes out each year with the sudents of the Normal department who go out important if true.

the Library can do for those who are not in immediate touch with it. She spoke of the friends of the people features into the common schools. Mr. Flanery, of the Horticultural Department, and Mrs. Hill, of the Domestic Science Department spoke on their specialties. At 3:00 the Conference adjourned and the members were taken to ride, visiting the brick-yard and "swinging around the circle" of the Berea community.

At night the Conference assembled with the faculty and students of the United States. He says the invasion is to be for two purposes. One is to convince the people here that he is not the specialties. At 3:00 the Conference adjourned and the members who want, really want, them. She bers were taken to ride, visiting the brick-yard and "swinging around the circle" of the Berea community.

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EDUCATORS

And Public School Superintendents of Eastern Kentucky Meet in a Three Days' Conference in Berea

IMPORTANT TOPICS DISCUSSED

Visitors Were Sumptuously Banqueted Thursday Evening in Ladiss' Hall-Visiting College Buildings and Grounds Much Enjoyed.

The fourth conference of public Thou shalt not wrest judgment; tors was held in Berea last week, membered by all who participated in

The really vital thing in every de- The visitors were met at the train

and not the creeds, are to dominate the world henceforth.—From an Episcopal parish paper.

After enjoying the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her helpers, Professor Dinsmore, the toast does it mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her helpers, Professor Dinsmore, the toast does it mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" and giving the good things prepared by Miss Cameron and her success, Mr. Crabbe asking: "What cussion. After a short intermission, in which the mean to win?" master of the occasion, rapped to the following answer: 1. To win order and in his genial way introduc-means to will to win. This he illus-The Reverend (?) Thomas Dixon, ed the speakers of the evening. First, trated with several examples. 3. To "Lawyer, preacher, author, dramatist, President Frost told what he would do win means to work. This also was and destructive statesman," as well if he were a farmer in Letcher County. vividly illustrated. 3. To win means to work. This also was cure better attendance," was dicussed vividly illustrated. 3. To win means to work. This also was cure better attendance," was dicussed to the principal Received to pretended effort to raise money to grass so as to have a proper rotation by consecrating their lives to their secure the enactment of laws against of crops. He would have fruit and the marriage of whites and blacks. He would have cattle and formula for attaining what appeals to It is a pity that one cannot legislate sheep and horses. He would have a us as great and good; a formula that good taste either in the North or the home with fireside and the simple illustrates the history of all achieve-South else Mr. Dixon and his wrice comforts of home life for self and ment: "I see. I like. I would. I tings would be speedily eliminated. family and the wayfaring stranger. were. I will be." Both addresses After the aftermath of the reent ren- Then he would turn attention to the were listened to with the closest at. and the project desirable. The last

me.

Former National Civil Service hearts of all who heard. ing done to build up the schools in fault in the law proposed during the President Roosevelt has sent a the state and especially in the east-

the House appropriation for the ben-efit of San Francisco be increased to sponded to the sentiment. "A charge \$1,500,000. Subscription lists have to Keep I Have." She spoke of her This is the greatest fire known on this continent and measures of relief commensurable with the calamity must be taken.

This is the greatest fire known on ing parody of the well known hymn. "A charge to keep I have; The Girl to glorify, A never-dying Home to save, and make a fit place for the ment of schools with supervision by best man on earth to live in."

Superintendent Crabbe, of Ash Harper's Weekly says that in the land, introduced as one who had last two years Germany's Southwest "left" the state of his birth, Ohio, to African had cost the German govern- settle in Kentucky, spoke feelingly ment 150 million dollars and some of ambition and resolution and quotthousands of lives by massacres and ed very aptly a bit of verse in which ritory that has no more than 5,00 cessively of three small boys. One European residents and of which the looked at it with desire but concluding the consider problems of superintendence with President to students who have completed the

Library that are open to other teach- College in the Chapel, where Presiers. These are, 1. Story papers for dent Frost presided over a Platform children. 2. Papers of more advanced Meeting. After music by the College tell stories can be cut out for com- heard from the students on the quesposition purposes, and the other tion as to what is the most discouragpictures may be cut out by the little ing thing and the most encouraging ones to keep them busy and teach thing in the counties they represented, and said that the College would co-county; and Wm. Hopkins, Casey establish such libraries.

intendents in appointing school trus- Hill schools, gave brief addresses.

lege Hill, gave something of his on subjects of especial interest to all personal history in his efforts to se- educators. Twelve topics had been cure an education, and spoke feeling- suggested and of these four were doing for his children. This closed Marsh spoke on "Oases," meaning

ed classes in the various departments and persistence of energetic and de-

Commissioner Foulke, in a speech in Chicago, recently said, "The Senate has been opposed to every important reform inaugurated by President Roosevelt, and it is a grave question whether the legislative body represents the people. It opposed the speech is considered the general subject of school legislation. Superintendent Mark, of Louisville was called upon. He spoke very appreciatively of what he had already seen especially of the spirit of the teachers, of the Berea spirit, and said that, if he had thirty such teachers to add to his force in Louis. tion of the speakers, to lie in the toward raising any money beyond last session of the State Assembly appeared to lie in the possibility of the four trustees belonging to one sible. faction or party and their using their position to reward their political egislation were adequate salaries for ment of schools with supervision by county superintendent, and sufficient compensation for teachers to enable them to make a life business of teach-

> Nearly all the members of the conference took part in the discussion.

ed into two bodies, the Superinten teachers in each school. mount to no more than two and one half million dollars a year. Can our colonial possessions make a much better show?

The second thought half no pole, The second thought subjects of special interest to them under the leadership of Professor to secure such diplomas.

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The second thought subjects of special interest to them under the leadership of Professor to secure such diplomas. President Castro, of Venezuela, crop."

who has put his country into the hands of his chief Vice, while he rethered hands of his chief Vice, while he reth

grades with a colored front page. Orchestra and a song by the Glee These may be read, the pictures that Club, one minute speeches were them accuracy and neatness. 3. Pa- from an educational standpoint. The pers containing recitations for school exhibitions and holidays. 4. There are odd numbers and whole years of the standard magazines that may be passed around among the many who long for such reading matter. Finally, Miss Corwin spoke of the fact that the law provides that a school getting together forty volumes. Trom an educational standpoint. The following students of the College responded, speaking strictly to the point: Farris McGlone, Carter county; E. C. Whitt, Morgan county; John D. Munsey, Leslie county; Carl Kirk, Martin county; R. F. Boggs, Claiborne county, Va.; Robert Spence, Laurel county; George Kirk, Lee school getting together forty volumes school getting together forty volumes county, Va.; L. F. Brashear, Perry can have a school circulating library, county; J. W. Kincer, Rockcastle operate with teachers wishing to county. These speeches were listened to with much intestest, and gave Dr. Cowley spoke of some diseases, a comprehensive glance at the eduespecially of the eyes, to which many cational conditions in the various of the students seem particularly lia- counties. Following these speeches, ble, and of the means of preventing the Ariel Quartette sang and then these.

Principal Lewis, of the Sue Bennett Superintendent Campbell, of Boyd Memorial School, London, Ky., and county, told of the trials of the super-Principal J. N. Booth, of the Olive

those spots in the educational wilder-Friday morning the visitors visit. ness of the country that the effort was called up to testify to its exist-Laurel, Campbell of Boyd, Garrett, the Chapel tower to "view the landscape o'er," the Conference was resumed and the subject, "How to seby Principal Brock, of Burning Springs, city Superintendent Gunn, of Mt. Stirling, Dr. Hubbell, of the College, Superintendent Campbell, and others. The thought seemed to be that the secret lies in an inspiring teacher and not in special methods. Professor Dinsmore introduced subject, Shall we hold County Expositions? and the question was discussed further by President Frost, Superintendent Garrett, Prof. Booth, Mr. Dean, of the College and others. The idea evidently seemed feasible visits profitable. This was opened by At 1:30 p. m., the conference as Superintendent Lewis and Professor sembled in the Upper Chapel and Dinsmore but the lateness of the considered the general subject of hour prevented further discussion.

> Superintendents and Educators at Berea in April, 1906, offer the following resolutions:

1. Resolved that we extend a vote the citizens of the districts. The of thanks to Berea College for arranging this conference and that it is the sense of this meeting that such a conference be held annually if pos-

2. Resolved that it will be advantageous for the common schools to begin as early as possible in July so as to avoid bad weather in the late fall and early winter.

3. Resolved that we encourage the districts to levy taxes for school purposes and that such taxes be collected by the Sheriff and at the same time and in the same manner that the state and county taxes are collected.

4. Resolved that we shall do all in our power for the promotion of good roads: especially building of pikes from one county seat to another.

5. Resolved that whenever practical we favor the formation of larger At 2 o'clock the Conference divid- school districts with two or more

6. Since the state offers diplomas combined imports and exports a ed that it was too high for him, and Frost as Chairman, and the teachers common school branches, resolved

members of the industrial faculty ing all honorable means to improve

8. Resolved that a rising vote on

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Lenox Soap				 1									03	6	or	2	93	fo	r.	0
Clairett Soap																				
Ivory Soap																				
Sugar, brown							93						3			99	8	590	193	04
Sugar, granulated	١.							2	9	9	8				99		1			0
												-		*		7.4				

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CHAPTER VII.-CONTINUED.

"M. de Barthe," she said, in a trem

bling voice, which told me that the victory was won. "Is there nothing else? Have you no other penance for me?" "None, Mademoiselle."

She had drawn the shawl over her head and I no longer saw her face.
"That is all you ask?" she murmured. "That is all I ask-now," I an-

"It is granted," she said slowly and firmly. "Forgive me if I seem to speak lightly-if I seem to make little of your generosity or my shame; but I can say no more now. I am so deep in trouble and so gnawed by terror that-I cannot feel anything much to-night, either shame or gratitude. I am in a dream; God grant it may pass as a dream! We are sunk in trouble. But for you and what you have done, M. de Barthe--I she paused and I heard her fighting with the sobs which choked her-"forgive me.... I am overwrought. And my-my feet are cold," she added suddenly and irrelevantly. "Will you take me home?

"Ah, Mademoiselle," I cried re morsefully. "I have been a beast! You are barefoot and I have kept you here.'

"It is nothing," she said in a voice which thrilled me. "My heart is warm, Monsieur-thanks to you. It is many hours since it has been as warm."

She stepped out of the shadow as she spoke-and there, the thing was done As I had planned, so it had come about. Once more I was crossing the meadow in the dark to be received at Cocheforet a welcome guest. The frogs croaked in the pool and a bat swooped round us in circles; and, surely never -never, I thought with a kind of exultation in my breast-had man been placed in a stranger position.

Somewhere in the black wood behind us-probably in the outskirts of the village-lurked M. de Cocheforet. In the great house before us, outlined by a score of lighted windows, were the soldiers come from Auch to take him. Between the two, moving side by side in the darkness, in a silence which each found to be eloquent, were mademoiselle and I: she who knew so much, I who knew all-all but one lit-

tle thing! We reached the house and I suggested that she should steal in first by the way she had come out, and that I should wait a little and knock at the door when she had had time to explain matters to Clon.

"They do not let me see Clon," she enswered slowly.

rejoined. "Or he may say something and betray me." "They will not let our woman come

to us.'

"What?" I cried, astonished. "But this is infamous. You are not prisoners!"

Mademoiselle laughed harshly. "Are we not? Well, I suppose not; for if. we wanted company. Captain Larolle said he would be delighted to see us -- in the parlor."

"He has taken your parlor?" I said "He and his lieutenants sit there But I suppose we should be thankful," she added bitterly. "We have still our bed-rooms left to us.

"Very well," I said. "Then I must deal with Clon as I can. But I still have a favor to ask, Mademoiselle. It is only that you and your sister will descend to-morrow at your usual time.

-in the parlor." "I would rather not," she said, pausing and speaking in a troubled

"Are you afraid?" "No Monsieur: I am not afraid." she

answered proudty, "But-"

'You will come?" I said. She sighed before she spoke. length, "Yes, I will come-if you wish it," she answered; and the next moment she was gone round the corner of the house, while I laughed to think of the excellent watch these gallant gentlemen were keeping. M. de Cocheforet might have been with her in the garden, might have talked with her

as I had talked, might have entered the house even, and passed under their noses scot-free. But that is the way of soldiers. They are always ready for the enemy, with drums beating and flags flying-at ten o'clock in the morning. But he does not always come at that hour. I waited a little and then I groped

my way to the door and knocked on it with the hilt of my sword. The dogs began to bark at the back and the chorus of a drinking song, which came fitfully from the east wing, ceased | lifted my hand. altogether. An inner door opened and an angry voice, apparently an officer's, began to rate some one for not coming. Another moment and a clamor of voices and footsteps seemed to pour into the hall and fill it. I heard fresh impertinence, while the lieuten- glazed cup-an old-fashioned piece of the bar jerked away, the door was flung open, and in a twinkling a lanthorn, behind which a dozen flushed visages were dimly seen, was thrust into my face.

"Why, who the fiend is this?" cried one, glaring at me in astonishment. shrieled "Soize him!"

rolle. Where is he?"

"Diable! but who are you first?" the lanthorn-bearer retorted bluntly. He was a tall, lanky sergeant, with a sin- Auch!" ister face.

'Well, I am not M. de Cocheforet," I replied; "and that must satisfy you, my man. For the rest, if you do not fetch Captain Larolle at once and admit me, you will find the consequences am from Paris, not Auch. inconvenient."

"Ho! ho!" he said, with a sneer. You can crow, it seems. Well, come

They made way and I walked into great hearth a fire had been kindled, but it had gone out. Three or four carbines stood against one wall and and some straw. A shattered stool, not be best pleased." broken in a frolic and half a dozen empty wineskins strewed the floor and answered rather stiffly. helped to give the place an air of untidiness and disorder. I looked round see the cardinal-" with eyes of disgust and my gorge rose. reeked foully.

'Ventre bleu!" I said. "Is this conduct in a gentleman's bcuse, you rascals? Ma vie! If I had you, I would send half of you to the wooden horse!

They gazed at me open-mouthed. My arrogance startled them. The sergeant alone scowled. When he could find his voice for rage-

"This way!" he said. "We did not know a general officer was coming, or we would have been better prepared! And muttering oaths under his breath, he led me down the well-known passage. At the door of the parlor he stopped. "Introduce yourself!" he said rudely. "And if you find the air warm, don't blame me!"

I raised the latch and went in. At a table in front of the hearth, half covered with glasses and bottles, sat two men playing hazard. The dice rang sharply as I entered and he who had just thrown kept the box over them while he turned, scowling, to see who came in. He was a fair haired, blonde man, large-framed and florid. He had put off his cuirass and boots and his doublet showed frayed and stained where the armour had pressed on it. But otherwise he was in the extreme of Inst year's fashion. His deep cravat, folded over so that the laced ends drooped a little in front, was of the



YOU SEEM SURPRISED.

finest; his great aash of blue and silver was a foot wile He had a little jewel in one ear and his tiny beard was peaked a l' Espagnole. Probably when he turned he expected to see the sergeant, for at sight of me he rose slowly, leaving the dice still covered.

"What folly is this?" he cried wrathfully. "Here, Sergeant! Sergeant!without there! What the-! Who are you, Sir?"

"Captain Larolle," I said, uncovering

politely, "I believe?" "Yes, I am Captain Larolle," he retorted. "But who, in the fiend's name,

are you? You are not the man we are after!" "I am not M. Cocheforet." I said coolly. "I am merely a guest in the

house, M. le Capitaine I have been enjoying Madam de Cocheforet's hospitality for some time, but by an evil chance I was away when you arrived' And with that I walked to the hearth, and, gently pushing aside his great boots which stood there drying, kicked the logs into a blaze.

"Mille diables!" he wispered. And never did I see a man more confounded. But I affected to be taken up with his companion, a sturdy, white-mustached old veteran, who sat back in his chair, eyeing we, with swollen cheeks and

eyes surcharged with surprise. "Good evening, M. de Lieutenant," I said, bowing gravely. "It is a fine

Then the storm burst.

"Fine night!" the captain shricked. finding his voice again. "Mille diables! Are you aware, Sir, that I am in possession of this house and that no one harbors here without my permission? Guest! Hospitality! Lieutenant-call the guard! Call the guard!" he continued passionately. "Where is that ape of a sergeant?"

The lientenant rose to obey, but

"Gently, gently, captain," I said. "Not so fast! You seem surprised to see me here. Believe me, I am much more surprised to see you."

"Sacre!" he cried, recoiling at this

head.

But nothing moved me. Thank you; it is, I see Then per- to look at it. But a moment later, mit me to say again, gentlemen, that thinking I heard them coming, I hur-I am much more surprised to see you 'Morbleu! It is the man!" another than you can be to see me. When monseigneur the cardinal honored me, The alarm proved to be false, however; | "it was not like me."

In a moment half a dozen hands by sending me ... Tom Paris to sended and then again, taking another turn, I were laid on my shoulders, but I this matter, he gave me the fullest— set the piece back. I had done noth-bowed politely. "The officer, my the fullest powers, M. le Capitaine—to ing so foolish for—for more years than bowed politely. "The officer, my the fullest powers, M. le Capitaine—to ing so foolish for-friends," I said, "M. le Captaine La- see the affair to an end. I was not led I liked to count. to expect that my plans would be intrusion of half the garrison from flowers nor the room. They had heard

"O ho!" the captain said softlyin a very different tone and with a tive, and where I had looked for a very different face. "So you are the gentleman I heard of at Auch?"

'Very likely," I said dryly. "But I "To be sure," he answered thought-

fully. "Eh, lieutenant?" "Yes, M. le Capitaine, no doubt, the inferior replied. And they both looked at one another, and then at me, the hall, keeping my hat on. On the in a way which I did not understand.

"I think," said I, to clinch the matter, 'that you have made a mistake, Cap tain; or the commandant has. beside them lay a heap of haversacks it occurs to me that the cardinal will

"I hold the king's commission," he

"To be sure," I replied. "But you

"Ah, but the cardinal-" he recomed They had spilled oil and the place quickly; and then he stopped and shrugged his shoulders. And they both looked at me. "Well?" I said.

"The king," he answered slowly. "Tut-tut!" I exclaimed, spreading out my hands, "The cardinal. Let us stick to him. You were saying?"

'Well, the cardinal, you see-" And then again, after the same words, he stopped-stopped abruptly and shrugged his shoulders.

I began to suspect something. "If you have anything to say Monseigneur." I answered, watching him narrowly, "say it. But take a word of advice. Don't let it go beyond the door of this room, my friend, and it will do you no harm."

"Neither here nor outside," he retorted, looking for a moment at his comrade. "Only I hold the king's commission. That is all. And I think enough. For the rest, will you throw a main? Good! Lieutenant, find a glass, and the gentleman a seat. And here, for my part, I will give you a toast. The cardinal-whatever betide!' I drank it, and sat down to play with him; I had not heard the music of the dice for a month, and the temptation was irresistible. But I was not sat isfied. I called the mains and won his crowns-he was a mere baby at the game-but half my mind was elsewhere. There was something here ! did not understand; some influence at work on which I had not counted; something moving under the surface as unintelligible to me as the soldiers' presence. Had the captain repudiated my commission altogether, and put me to door or sent me to the guard-house, I could have followed that. But these dubious hints, this passive resistance, referred to?" puzzled me. Had they news from Paris, wondered. Was the king dead? or the cardinal ill? I asked them. But they said no, no, no to all, and gave me guarded answers. And midnight found us still playing; and still fenc- otherwise"

CHAPTER VIII.

THE QUESTION. "Sweep the room, Monsieur? And remove this medley? But, M. le Cap-

"The captain is at the village." replied sternly. "And do you move move, man, and the thing will be done the door into the garden open-so!"

"Certainly, it is a fine morning. And the tobacco of M. le Lieutenant-But M. le Captaine did not-"

"Give orders? Well, I give them!" I answered. "First of all, remove these beds. And bustle, man, bustle, or I will find something to quicken

In a moment- "And M. le Captaine's riding-boots?" "Place them in the passage," I re-

"Ohe! In the passage?" He paused, looking at them-in doubt.

"Yes, booby; in the passage."

"And the cloaks, Monsieur?"

"There is a bush handy outside the window Let them air.' "Ohe, the bush? Well, to be sure they are damp. But-yes, yes, Mon-

steur, ft is done. And the holsters?" "There also!" I said harshly. "Throw them out. Faugh! The place reeks of leather. Now, a clean hearth. And no sooner back in his highland fastness set the table before the open door, so than the whiskers blossomed forth that they may see the garden. So. And tell the cook that we shall dine at 11, and madam and mademoiselle

will descend." "Ohe! But M. le Captaine order the dinner for half past eleven?" "It must be advanced then; and

mark you, my friend, if it is not ready when madam comes down, you will suffer, and the cook too."

When he was gone on his errand I looked round. What else was lacking? The sun shone cheerily on the polished floor; the air, freshened by the rain which had fallen in the night, entered freely through the open doorway. A few bees lingering with the summer hummed outside. The fire papered."-N. Y. Tribune. craci,led bravely; an old hound, blind and past work, lay warming its hide on the hearth. I could think of nothing more, and I stood and watched the man set out the table and spread the clota. "For how many, Monsieur?" he asked in a scared tone.

"For five," I answered; and I could not belp smiling at myself. What turned housewife! There was a white ant's eyes almost jumped out of his the second Henry's time-standing on a shelf I took it down and put some late flowers in it, and set it in the mid-"Is the door closed?" I said sweetly. dle of the table, and stood off myself ried it away in a kind of panic, feeling on a sudden ashamed of the thing.

But when madam and mademoiselle spolled on the eve of success by the came, they had eyes neither for the that the captain was out beating the village and the woods for the fugicomedy I found a tragedy. Madam's face was so red with weeping that all her beauty was gone. She started and shook at the slightest sound, and, unable to find any words to answer my greeting, could only sink futo a chair and sit crying silently.

Mademoiselle was in a mood scarcely more cheerful. She did not weep, but her manner was hard and fierce. spoke absently and answered fretfully. Her eyes glittered and she had the air of straining her ears continually to catch some dreaded sound. "There is no news, Monsieur?" she said, as she took her seat. And she shot a swift took at me.

"None, Mademoiselle." They are searching the village?"

"I believe so." "Where is Clon?" This in a lower voice and with a kind of shrinking in

her face. I shook my head. "I believe they have him confined somewhere. And Louis, too," I said. "But I have not

seen either of them." "And where are-? I thought these people would be here," she muttered. And she glanced askance at the two vacant places. The servant had

brought in the meal. "They will be here presently," I said "Let us make the most of the coolly. time. A little wine and food will do

madam good." She smiled rather sadly. "I think we have changed places," she said: "and that you have turned host and we guests.

"Let it be so." I said cheerfully, "! recommend some of this ragout. Come. Mademoiselle; fasting can aid no one A full meal has saved many a mon's

[To Be Continued.]

TOO PRESSING QUESTION.

Witness Was Reluctant to Reply but Gave the Lawyer His Answer.

Now and then in court counsel will elicit unlooked-for information when a witness is too closely questioned.

During a recent case, the counsel for the defense was endeavoring, during cross-examination, to serve his client by throwing suspicion cs a certala

"You admit," said be, sternly, "that you were a constant visitor at the prisoner's abode during the six months

"I do," replied the witness. The lawyer smiled significantly.

"Then kindly inform the court whether you and be were interested in any special transaction-business or

"Yes, we were." "Ah!" exclaimed the lawyer. Then raising his voice, he continued:

"And now, no doubt, you will be so good as to let us know a little more of this. What was the gature of the business in which you had a common toterest?"

witness, "if you really insist on knowwhile you are talking about it. Set ing, I suppose I must tell. The fact in, I was courting his niece!"

Whiskered Priests.

Amid the highlanders of Scotland many good catholic priests of the mountains and islands have permission to protect their throats from the raw damp of the winters by beards, often of quite patriarchal dimensions. remember," says a writer, "a good etc Scottish padre who was elected (much against his will) bishop of a highland see and went to Rome to receive epic copal consecration with his cheeks aderned with whiskers much more voluminous than the 'clerical inch' which custom or courtesy used to allow to all catholic ecclesiastics. The cardinal prefect of propaganda, who was to perform the consecration ceremony was horrified and insisted on the sacrifice of the whiskers before the consecration took place. The bishop-elect submitted under protest. But he was again.

How He Made Them Strong. Two builders, of a type too familias in America, were talking about some buildings that had collapsed before they were finished.

"Well, Iones," said one, "you always have better luck than I do." "Better luck? How so?"

"Why, my row of new houses blew down in last week's wind, while yours weren't harmed. All were built the same -same woodwork, same mortar same everything."

"Yes," said the other builder, "but you forget that mine had

Once when Mme. de Maintenon, who had risen from the gutter to grandeur, was looking pensively in the golden podl at Versailles, her companion, noting the fish in the crystal water, observed: "How languid the carp are." 'Yes," replied the famous beauty, would Zaton's say could it see Berault | with a sigh, "they are like me; they miss their mud."

What He Would Have done. Sargent, the painter, recently met a young lady whom he knew very well, and she said: "Oh, Mr. Sargent, I saw your latest painting and kissed it, because it was so much like you." "And did it kiss you in refura?" Why, no " "Then," said Mr. Bessex | guished .- Louisville Courier-Journal.

PIEBALD CANNIBAL RACE.

Savages Whose Skins Are Brown with 'Pink Patches Found by Explorer.

Piebald savages are among the interesting people and things of which Mr. A. E. Pratt writes, says the London Mirror.

Papua is a land of which, as yet, no explorers, not even Mr. Pratt and his son, who accompanied him in his expeditions in the virgin mountains and forests of the land, know very much.

"Fifty years ago schoolboys, looking at their map of Africa, blessed the dark continent for an easy place to learn," says Mr. Pratt in his opening pages. "A few names fringed the coast; inland nearly all was comprehended under the cheerful word 'unexplored.'

"Such in great measure is the case with New Guinea to-day. Its 300,000 square miles of territory, held by Great Britain, Germany and the Netherlands, are destined in the course of the next half century to enrich the worlds of commerce and of science to a degree that may to some extent be forecast by what" is already known of very restricted

It is a difficult country to explore, and that for several reasons. The mountains are numerous and steep, much of the soil is broken in a fashion peculiarly irritating to pedestrians, and the natives, without whose assistance practically nothing can be accomplished, are

difficult to deal with. You are entirely in the hands of the natives, without whom you cannot stira foot. All your impedimenta, your food, stores, scientific implements and "trade" (material for barter, the equivalent of ready money) must go on the backs of your cannibal friends, a people without organization, who are hard to collect and hard to persuade to follow

The different tribes which populate the island differ widely in language and character, but all appear to be more or less warlike. The men are well-knit, strongly-built fellows, capable of immense endurance, and-at odd moments of much hard work.

Among them are a number of curious people whom Mr. Pratt is inclined to take as a hitherto unknown human family, although as will be seen from the following passage, he is not yet quite certain of this:

"An interesting feature of Hula was the presence there of a piebald people, he says. "For the most part their bodies were brown, but they were marked with pinkish patches unevenly distributed. This marking might be due to a disease, contracted from a too constant fish diet; but if it were a disease I could not dis-

cover that it gave any discomfort. "Against this theory must be set this fact, that I observed one man in whom the light markings predominated. In fact, he was quite fresh colored, like an European, and had light hair."

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

In Austria They Must Pay Taxes and Are Classed as Regular Tradesmen.

Commercial travelers in Austria have to pay taxes and are therefore considered regular tradesmen, even if they have no open business places or sample rooms. As a rule, good agents, especially if they have business houses of their own, refuse to represent firms who are not well known unless they can get contributions and warehouse expenses. They will not run any risks for firms which are unknown in Austria, and, as there are many firms who will pay liberal salaries if they can get

their services, American firms find it difficult to obtain them. Many Austrian manufacturing firms have branch houses at the capitals, especially at Vienna, but some English manufacturings firms, especially in the agricultural line, have warehouses and even factories throughout Austria, and when a traveler, for instance, leaves the railway station at Prague, the capital of Bohemia, he will soon notice the signboards of well-known English manufacturing firms who do a large trade in austria and have their

warehouses even in provincial towns. Travelers in Austria are mostly hard working and respectable men, turned, turned 50 times altogether, very temperate in their habits and extill the sediment in it has all mounted tremely diligent. Nearly all of them travel third class on the railways and with the exception, perhaps, of those in the wine and spirit lines, they are seldom addicted to drinking. A traveler who drinks loses the respect of his fellow travelers.

Crown of Gold.

"The late Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the negro poet," sald an editor, "ence addressed a Sunday school in New York. An odd incident happened, though, at its end, an incident that Dunbar laughed at as heartily as the rest of us.

"Dunbar, toward the close of his remarks, said:

"'And, my little friends, if you do all these things some day you will wear a gold crown. Yes, each of you some day will wear a gold crown.

"A little chap in the front row, catching the poet's friendly eye, piped: "'My fader wears one now.' "'No!' said the poce. "'Yes, he does on his toof, said

the little chap." What the Woman Thought. They were talking about the new star in society.

"She never laughs at jokes," said the man. "Maybe she has no sense of humor," said the other man

"Maybe she has false teeth," said the woman. And then the conversation lan-



WORK DONE BY SALCON.

The Following Is Said to Be the Advertisement of a Seloonkeeper in Tombstone, Aris.

Friends and Neighbors: I am grateful for past favors, and, having supplied my store with a fine line of choice wines and liquors, allow me to inform you that I shall continue to make drunkards, paupers and beggars for the sober, industrious, respectable part of the community to support. My liquors will excite riot, robbery and bloodshed.

They will diminish your comforts, increase your expenses and shorten life. I shall confidently recommend them as sure to multiply fatal accidents and incurable diseases.

They will deprive some of life, others of reason, many of character, and all of peace. They will make fathers flends, wives widows, children orphans, and all poor. I will train your sons in infidelity, dissipation, ignorance, lewdness and every other vice. I will corrupt the ministers of religion, obstruct the Gospel, defile the church, and cause as much temporal and eternal death as I can. I will thus "accommodate the public"-it may be at the loss of my never dying soul. But I have a family to support -the business pays-and the public

encourages it. I have paid my license and the traffic is lawful; and if I don't sell it somebody else will. I know the Bible says, "Thou shalt not kill," drunkard shall enter the Kingdom of Heaven," and I do not expect the drunkard maker to fare any better, but I want an easy living, and I have resolved to gather the wages of iniquity and fatten on the ruin of my

I shall therefore carry on my business with energy, and do my best to diminish the wealth of the nation and endanger the safety of the state. As my business flourishes in proportion to your sensuality and ignorance, I will do my best to prevent moral puri-

ty and intellectual growth. Should you doubt my ability, I refer you to the pawnshops, the poorhouse, the police court, the hospital, the penitentiary and the gallows, where you will find many of my best customers have gone. A sight of them will convince you that I do what I say. Allow me to inform you that you are fools and that I am an honest saloon keeper.

A CHAMPAGNE FACE.

What the Men Who Work in the Wine Cellars of France Suffer from Bursting Bottles,

The Frenchman's face was backed and notched. "Have you been a dueitst?" one

"No, no," the man replied. "I have been a champagne maker. He touched his face. "These honorable nicks," he

sald, "are champagne scars." "Champagne scars," he went on, decorate the visages of all the workers in the underground champagne mills of Rheims. They are caused by the bursting of the bottles. About one bottle of champagne in every

"There are miles and miles of champagne caves in Rheims, caves cut in the solid limestone rock, where in a constant temperature on 45 degrees, millions of bottles of wine reans and "The workers down there smell

nothing but champague all day long. champagne escaping from burst bottles. And as the turners move along the racks-each turns 35,000 bottles daily they are continually saluted with explosions. Bang! And the glass splinters fly and a little fountain of champagne perfumes the damp air. "Day after day each bottle must be-

up and concentrated itself about the cork. Then the corkers remove the corks, let the sediment-thickened wine in the neck of the bottle b'ow off and skillfully replace the cork again. "The corkers and turners' work is dangerous. These men are nearly alf

scarred like me."-The Champion of Fair Play. And by way of comment the Illinois Issue adds:

This whole business scars the maker

and the seller and the users. The whole world bears the scars of rum.

Thanks Gov. Folk. Gov. Folk received a letter from a woman who thanked him for closing the saloons on Sunday, saying it meant bread for her faimily where they did not have it previously. "One such letter from a good woman more than compensates for the curses of ten thousand outlaws," was the governor's asser-

Salsons in Jerusalem. It is stated that there are 10 saloons in Jerusalem, and not a book store or a newspaper existing there, We know of towns that can support from three to five saloons and have neither a bakery nor a butcher shap; they cannot be supported.

Hit It Anyway.

If you cannot hit the saloon in your own particular way, why do you not hit it in some other body's way? His it anyway.-Illinois Issue

History of the Eighth Kentucky

Thrilling Story of the Part this Gallant Regiment Took in Our Civil War.

troops about McMinnville had orders longed, still commanded by Ammon. dered on the train for Nashville. About half a dozen officers of the Eighth, including myself, with a few of the Twenty-first Kentucky, got of us sick we were certainly about on an equality in present cash assets. At the Nashville depot, while we whole on our financial standing, the sight of our cheerful and accommodating sutler was a pleasant surprise to us. We instantly surrounded "Uncle Bob," and soon relieved him of his surplus cash, and once more were able to face an extortionate landlord or a frowning rebel landdays our troops poured through the city northward in a living stream. The 7th, late in the day, our com-

mand were passing through. Sick and feeble, as some of us were, we "sacred soil" of Kentucky. Captains Powell and Thomas and the author being scarcely able to walk, had, through the assistance of Chaplain Paul, purchased a horse of a Union citizen at a very low price intending to try to keep up with our command by riding, each by turn. It was agreed that as I was the most feeble, I should have the first ride, while until further orders, only half rations they with the others joined the col- would be issued to the troops of this umn. I spent some time trying to command. The Third Division find a saddle for sale cheap—one dollar being all the money we three had left after paying for our steed. I at last concluded to postpone the luxury of a saddle, and gave a grinning darkie twenty five cents for an old bridle, three my gum blanket. old bridle, threw my gum blanket aging on an individual scale. Col. and fatigue coat on Carlo's back, and Barnes and other officers of the 8th mounted, with sword and pistols bal-ancing my haversack across the wi-thers of the horse. I made better time through the streets of the city than was agreeable to my aching But other troops did not wait for States. bones. I overtook the regiment any bad examples to influence them about 10 p. m. encamped near Edgefield Junction, on the Louisville Pike. satisfy their keen appetites. A flock All the men were covered with dust, of goats and a good-sized sweet poand their clothing badly worn, especially shoes and pantaloons. The men had been compelled to wear half ration, and without following born about 140 years ago and died in their underclothing so long without their example, our boys thought the 1843. This red man conferred a great change that many of them had be. immediate future not very promising come infested with vermin—in army parlance called "graybacks." Our requisitions for clothing here were only partially filled, and orders were given to company commanders to issue only to those of their men, that were only to those of their men that were the corn near by. At last Chandler in greatest need, and as about all B., of Co. D, caught the old billy were eager claiments for pants, the captains generally settled the matter old, bearded patriarch proved too by calling the company into line and passing along in the rear raised each man's coat skirts, and those whose pants had given out worst in the efforts to regain freedom, came tear-

short distance up the pike and bivouseked for the night. Here Gen. T. ground by the muttering goat. The L. Crittenden took command of the loud cheering of the men, nor the Twenty-first Army Corps, composed terrible oaths of the colonel did not

Poor Blood

You can trust a medicine tested 60 years! Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the strongest Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, general debility.

of the First, Second and Third Di-The 2d day of September, all the visions, to the latter our brigade be-

to prepare to march, and early the The army was all life and bustle 3d everything loyal to the United early the 9th. Canteens filled with States was leaving this part of Tenn- water, and a fresh supply of forty essee. It was now an evident fact rounds of cartridges in our cartridge that the rebels in large force were invading Kentucky. Many of the most loyal citizens with their families joined our column, which was Tyre Springs. Here a few more of now raising clouds of dust on the Murfreesboro road. We bivouacked at Logan's Plains, where we joined General Wood's division. The 4th of September our column arrived at Readwrille, and the part day at 1 Bradyville, and the next day at 1 paw-paws, and were captured by a o'clock p. m. were once more in Murfreesboro. Here all the sick and those unable to march were or caped except John Townsend, and he made his escape a few days after.

The 10th, our column moved on fourteen miles and halted near Mitchaboard the cars. If we were not all ellsville at an old rebel rendezvous they called Camp Trouser. Here our brigade alone slaughtered fifteen beeves and over one hundred sheep, were holding a committee of the also a few porkers and many chickens were taken and dressed in a private manner. Private Carmoody, "Our Irishman," remarked, "Faith an' we'd not be afther lavin' the state with lank haversacks or empty stomachs aither."

At 6 o'clock on the morning of the 11th, out columns were again in mo- beginning of the ten years' revolt, with lady, and were soon registered on tion and soon passed the large stone a large force of patriots; was chosen Mrs. Peace's books. For several in the road that indicated the State line. As the Eighth passed over the line the boys gave three lusty cheers. We were delayed several hours waiting for our long line of wagons to cross Sharp's Branch—the rebels had no notion of being left in Dixie while the rebels were invading the "sacred soil" of Kentucky. Captains Powell and Thomas and the author porticos and in front yards and dis-played several Union flags, causing loud and long cheering from the troops. We halted for the night within five miles of town.

On the following morning, orders were given by General Buell that, when their half rations did not half most embarrassing places, were ordered to step forward and received
a new pair.

ing through the regiment, our heroic
forager holding on to the horns with
the tenacity of "grim death to a dead The 8th, our command moved a African," sometimes on top the goat,

make him break his hold, nor lose Thus the two re-entered the high corn where the guards soon found For Thin, corn where the guards soon found Chandler with a few of his more timid comrades taking off the goat's B.—"Now, sir, give your reasons for this flagrant violation of my recent orders; and be d—d quick about it, too." Chandler—"Colonel, I never meant disrespect to you, but I see'd them durned 35 Irishers agoen fur the whole flock, and they'd killed all but that old tough devil. He run over to our side and by golly I was 'termined they shouldn't have him, an' I jist went fur 'em." This earnest explanation came near making the colonel relax his assumed sternness. Chandler was put on extra

duty, but said extra rations made it [TO BE CONTINUED]

all right.

See the College Farm advertise-ment of first class fertilizers. Buy some and see your crops grow.

The Duchess of Marlborough.

The Duchess of Marlborough, who has been treated for a throat affection of long standing, was formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, daughter of Willlam K. Vanderbilt. She is twentynine years of age, and her marriage to the Duke of Marlborough in New York



the time. She was reputed the richest and prettiest American bride who up to that time had been carried away to Europe by a nobleman. It was said her father gave her \$10,000,000 with which to start housekeeping.

President Palma of Cuba.

President Palma of Cuba was born in Bayamo, Cuba, in 1836 and educated at the University of Seville, in Spain. He took the field in 1868 at the



president of the government organized by the revolutionists at that time and was captured in 1877 by the Spanish. He refused to take the oath of alle-

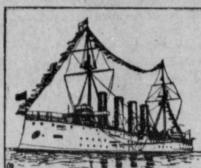
The Indian Cadmus. If Indian Territory is admitted to the

Union and as a separate state from Oklahoma it may be named "Sequo-



many benefits upon his tribe, especialhis determination for fresh meat. ly in inventing a system of characters by which the words of the Cherokee tongue could be expressed in written language. He was born in Georgia, where the Cherokees were then living. id comrades taking off the goat's His mother was a full blooded Cherohide. Our conquering hero was kee and als father a German trader, marched to colonel's tent. Colonel known as George Guess.

> The Flagship Drake, The flagship of Admiral Prince Louis Alexander of Battenberg, the Drake, is



versary. Her consorts are the Bed-ford, Essex, Berwick, Cumberland and Cornwall, all cruisers of high speed.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Gems Gleaned From the Teachings of All Denominations.

True poverty is a state of heart which enables us to receive the funness of the life beyond .- Rev. Paul A. Menzel, Lutheran, Washington

Struggles of Life. The financial struggles of life not only earn bread for our children, but also unlimited joys for our own healthful, physical and mental existence .-- Rev Dr. Frank De Witt Talmage, Presbyterian, Los Angeles. Self Control.

The most perfect result of the spirit of God in a man is self control. That is what Paul means when he says, "The fruit of the Spirit is-temperance."-Rev. Dr. Frank Crane, Unitarian, Worcester, Mass.

Chief of Ambitions.

The highest ambition to shine is as a Christian. It is a holy ambition that every one may possess, that reason dictates, that conscience approves, that heaven commends.-Rev. Dr. John L. Brandt, Christian Church, St. Louis,

Joy In Christianity. There is not enough of joy in Christians, and its absence indicates failure to disceru the actual presence of one who comes to set all wrong things right and to forever banish the gloom in which sin has enveloped us .-- Rev. Dr. W. J. Williamson, Baptist, St.

Secret Vices. Vice is the secret worm which eats at the vitals of a nation. Crime can be punished, and it is punished, but it is the secret vices which destroy the nations. Catholic education teaches how to combat these vices.-Rev. D. J. O'Sullivan, Roman Catholic, St. Al-

The world's need today is a return to Christ-a fresh understanding of his consciousness of himself, a new surrender in all the areas of their being, practical, intellectual and spiritual, to the regenerating power of his divine personality. - Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton, Baptist, Cleveland, O.

Fertilizer.

C. C. Rhodus sells fertilizer too. A good stock of a good article. See him before buying.

See the College Farm advertisement of first-class fertilizers. Buy some and see your crops grow. Bed-



is the Winner

Hammar Condensed Paint leads all is guaranteed to stick for five years. You can count on most paints for only three years. The great Hammar Paint House of St. Louis guarantee their paint to stick for five years; your money back if it don't and this is not talk either. Come in some day and we will show you how this paint is backed is guaranteed to stick for five years. by a guarantee of a half million dollars by a guarantee of a half million dollars in cash and a reputation of over a third of a century for square deals. We will also show you how you can save 25% on your next paint bill. Remember, please, that there is only one Hammar Paint and that we are the only dealers in this place who have the authority to sell and guarantee this paint.

J. P. BICKNELL, Berea, Ky.

Individuality

In women's and young ladies' bats, nen-individual prices will be found in my extensive line which comprises all that one's taste desires. Women understand the importance of selecting a proper hat. We can aid you materially in the selection because of our experience, and though you may not buy just yet, you will be accorded the same courteous attention that distinguishes our treatment of visitors and

customers.

Before selecting elsewhere your new Spring or Summer Hat, visit me at my new place, in the store of C. J. Hanson & Co., Main Street.

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Mr. W. L. Flanery represents this well known tailoring company in Berea, and will fit you to stylish order a ready made suit.

Up-to-date Buggies Down-to-date Prices

Come in and see my stock and I will save you money on any job you buy from me. have a general line of anything you need: Buggies, Weber Wagons, Implements, Harrows, Plows, Wheat Drills, Corn Drills, Mowing Machines, Hay Rakes, Threshing Machines, Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Clothing, Fertilizer; yes, Fertilizer! I have in a carload of Globe Fertilizer; just in time for your tomato crop; also a special Garden Fertilizer.

Anything you need-farms, town lots, improved and unimproved property in Berea. Come and see me or call me up.

J. P. BICKNELL,

Phone No. 9.

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Time Table in Effect, Jan. 1, 1906

Going North	T	rain 4	, Dai	ly
Leave Berea		3:	38 a.	m
Arrive Richmond		4:	10 a.	m
Arrive Paris				
Arrive Cincinnati	 	7:	50 a.	m
Going North	T	ain 2	, Dai	ly
Going North Leave Berea	 	1:5	24 p.	m
Going North Leave Berea	 	1:5	24 p.	m
Going North	 	1:5	24 p. 00 p. 30 p.	m m

Going South Train 3, Daily Leave Berea 1:24 p. m. Arrive Knoxville8:10 p. m. Going South

Leave Berea...........12:26 a. m. Arrive Knoxville 7:30 a. m. EQUIPMENT: Trains numbers 2 and 3 carry Buffet Parlor car and coaches between Cincinnati and Knoxville in both directions. Trains number 1 and 4 carry Pullman vestibuled Sleeping car and coaches between Cincinnati and Knoxville in both directions.

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A nice little Cottage House of four rooms on Depot Street. Lot 83 by 269 feet. Call on or address

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A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles, Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days, 50c.



Call at T. J. Moberley's and see the best line of

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And anything that you need for a horse. Call and get prices, they will induce you to buy.

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A few good Jacks. Will sell or exchange for other property. J. W. HERNDON, 3 miles from Berea on the Richmond Pike.

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50c a suit is all it will cost you.

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Granite and Marble.

Monumental work of all kinds done in a workmanlike manner, at reasonable prices, and with dispatch. All our work is guaranteed.

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In Michigan"

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Best of Service to

TOLEDO, DETROIT

And to all the Famous Summer Resorts of

MICHIGAN and CANADA Through Cars to **CHARLEVOIX**

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Agents wanted in every locality. Write for herms. Anyone sending us four yearly subscriptions will receive THE CITIERN free for one sear.

Immigrants in Demand.

A silent but titanic struggle is now on between two great economic forces in this country, says Broughton Brandenburg in the Technical World, and the bone of contention is the European immigrant. It takes people to work the thousands of great mills in the industrial sections of the north and east: and labor that is cheaper is in such demand as to be powerfully attracted. The vast undeveloped reaches of the south and west cannot be made to become productive without population, so that from the vanguard of the nation builders comes the unceasing cry of "People, people, more people!" A railroad is immediately interested in the transportation of people and their belongings from the eastern centers of population which are the points of ingress of European immigrants to the districts where they are going to make habitation; but it is more profoundly interested in permanently estabregions which it taps, inasmuch as every step of progress the settlers make raises the value of the railroad by increasing its business. The transcontinental haul is sufficiently profitable only to enable the railroads to hold their own in the sparsely populated strip lying between the Mississippi valley and the Pacific coast. To broaden single lines of track into such great four-track routes as the New York Central, for instance, it is necessary that the railroads traverse as populous and prosperous a country as New York state. Every railroad man knows this; but the public either forgets it or has never thought of it. anat is why the railroads are the leaders in the grand battle to wrench the immigrant out of the hands of competition with those from abroad Ellis Island, and which have the advantage of ready cash instead of glowing opportunity to offer him.

"By Their Fruits."

A prominent rublisher in a great city deplored the existing corruption in public places, and resolved to place himself before the people as a candidate for pure and untainted government. He aspired for the office of mayor. His journal spread over the city as a huge white blanket of moral persuasion, which on Sundays trebled in thickness. The publisher's supporters surged from house to house, and endeavored to convince an indifferent people of their opportunity at the polls. Magnetic orators held forth tueir hands in appeal and swayed great audiences into reverberating applause. The last shot had been fired, and weary workers retired, confident trat on the morrow ballot-boxes would be filled to bursting with the vote of an aroused and indignant people. Reluctantly, on the night of the wages. election the publisher was compelled to announce his defeat. To sympatuizing friends the rejected candidate expressed his regrets. He sincerely deplored the fact that the people had not taken him and his efforts more seriously. "How can you persuade an intimate friend, slyly, "when for these many years you have been flooding this community with comic supplements?"

A citizen of Colorado has offered \$2,500 in prizes for growing an acre of grain from choice selected seed, considering quantity and quality, to the schoolboys and girls of that state under 18 years of age. The Journal of Education says sionists short of ammunition. The this is the first offer of the kind, but it is the beginning of a line of inspirational prizes that is likely to become common before long.

It is said of a Newton (Kan.) mas who has been studying art in Europe that he has won "three gold medals and a precarious living."

There's enough patriotic spirit generated and breathed out upon the world on these birthday anniversaries to accomplish the revivifying of national life which is being so loadly called for. The only trouble is that it is wasted in being always breathed out instead of being breathed in where it would do the most

NOTHING LIKE A BARGAIN.

This Country Will Continue to Control Its Tariff and Administration.

Although the concession is but for one year, it may be safely assumed that by next year at this time a permament arrangement will be made, and that it will not be as the result of a fake reciprocity treaty or any other concession or agreement by virtue of which we lose control of the provisions of our tariff laws or the methods of their administration, says the San Francisco Chronicle. Appearances indicate that the Ger-

man government is about ready to accept in its dealings with us the American principle of impartial trade. We give to Germany in most cases and should give it all the benefit of our Dingley rates, which are our minimum rates. In return we expect Germany's minimum rates, and if we do not get them we shall have to create some maximum rates for the benefit of Germany and some other countries. A good many preposterous stories have got into print as to certain things which the "president" was to do for Germany "on the quiet" in return for the concession of her minimum rates to us. One was to the effect that the president was to instruct our delegates to the Algeciras conference to side with Germany against France. Another, equally absurd, was to the effect that the president was to instruct the treasury officials to shut their eyes to undervaluations of German commodities subject to ad valorem duties in this country. The president has no authority to do either of those things, and if he had the authority it is an insult to suggest that he would sell the American vote at a diplomatic conterence, or order treasury officials to violate their official oaths. There has been no bargain made. There will be no bargain made. - Germany and the United States will remain two friendly nations and each will manage its revenue laws to suit itself. But, as we expect most favored nation treatment from Germany, we should give it to her in return, which means the abrogation of all treaties which prevent it.

lishing a thrifty stock in the fertile THE SHOE PINCHES THERE

Point in Protective Tariff That Is Perfectly Plain to the Work-

ingman.

Suppose that to please Gov. Guild

and ex-Gov. Douglas and our manufacturers of boots and shoes we should repeal the duty on hides, says the American Economist. We should also, of course, at the same time repeal the duty on boots and shoes. That having been done, our market would be open to the product of foreign countries, and in a very short time there would be an inundation of footwear into this country against which our own manufacturers would have to compete. In order to meet this importation and be able to sell boots and shoes in our own market in ing the same in both countries, there would remain nothing to bring about be, the wages of all the people in this country engaged in making boots and shoes would have to go down to the result would be most unfortunate in itself, but there would be other effects to follow. There are at present considerably over 200,000 people engaged in making boots and shoes. and the purchasing power of these people would at once be cut in half. In many towns and villages boot and shoe making is the only occupation of a large portion of the people. To cut in half the wages of the people would mean the large diminution of their trade with all classes of the community. This would be reflected in buying the merchandise of others, so that the result would be far spreading. It would be well to consider seriously before taking the duty off from hides and boots and shoes-to estimate thor-

There Has Been a Change.

oughly this matter of reduction of

The disappearance of the German tariff war cloud upsets many calculations regarding the congressional campaign of 1906. The free traders welcomed the prospect and the American Reciprocal Tariff league was preparing the public to be serious," questioned to go into every doubtful district in the middle west and convert the present protectionist majority in the lower house into a tariff ripping force that by a coalition with the Democrats would control action in favor of wide open reciprocity in competitive products and an all-round revision of the Dingley schedules. Germany's unwillingness to begin hostilities has changed the situation. It gives reciprocity a serious setback and leaves the revicountry is to be congratulated upon the good sense of the standpatters in refusing to be scared by the German threat.-American Economist.

> Nobody but a pessimist can be lieve that this country will be as bad as the socialists say it is .- Toledo

EVVesuvius should do all its spouting before Bryan gets around that way on his tour. Bryan is a dangerous the unfit. rival .- Philadelphia Press.

TWe have neither tariff nor shipping laws that drive American boats from the oceans. All sulpbuilding material is free. Every newspaper of foreign leanings is against the pending measure. That is a matter of course -Buffalo News.

American Art and How It Should Be Studied

By ANNA CAULFIELD, Well-Known Art Lecturer.



E are Americans, and the proper study of an American is an American. Therefore when we study art we must begin at home. The American is the compound of all the other races under the sun. Begin with him and your trail extends back over continents of older glories, but no more brilliant possibilities. **e culls his talents from the world entire, and if he is new in the exercise of them his newness has a flavor that is unmistakably appetizing for more.

The American artist is the type of the race. Study your Sargents and Whistlers, your Inness and Abbey, your Wyant and Martin and fnevitably you hark back to the old and older masters across the water who are consciously or unconsciously the inspiration of these men. Take up architecture, civic improvementany study of the beautiful-and the result is the same. First, know your own ideals, and you are inevitably carried back to the ideals that have gone before, that built other cities. The only way to realize your own measure is to compare it with that of another

We have had two traditions handed down to us. One is that America is without art. The second is that art is necessarily a restricted subject. Neither is true. The first assertion has practically disposed of itself. The second argues an ignorance of human nature. Every individual has some art side. The washerwoman may not app eciate a Meissonier, but the trees in the park or the window garden of a neighbor may find her sense of beauty. The peasants in France have their eye cultivated by the abundance of beauty around them. They absorb it from day to day. Our people have less opportunity as yet. But art is by no means a far-away subject. It is near and intimate. The experience of ten years has taught me that the only way to learn art is to learn it in the concrete. If such a thing were possible-if enormous financial backing ever made it possible-I should advocate a great traveling library, not of copies, but of originals. It is not only the form, it is the color we want. Descriptions may be never so graphic and pulsating with life, but the picture after

There are comparatively few good pictures in America, except in private collections, which would, of course, make the idea of the travelling library of originals an undertaking of insurmountable difficulties at present. But it is something to work toward.

Spoiling of the Modern Girl

By MISS FRANCES NEWTON SYMMES. Teacher in Kenwood Institute, Chicago.

erything can not be expected of the schools. efficiency because the

possess the sterling qualities which are expected of them when the mothers of these same young women are not exercising a proper sur- and third groups are particularly inveillance over them.

The modern summer resort is one of the worst evils to which the the eastern employing agencies, which it would be necessary to make them young women of to-day are subjected. Girls of 13 and 14 years old are only is this nation one of the world's get first call on him when he leaves as cheaply. The cost of material be- allowed to receive attentions from boys of their own age and flirta- great food storehouses, but that it is tions are conducted in shocking disregard of the proprieties. The equality in the cost of production ex- young girls are taken out rowing, invited to dances and live the life cept wages. The consequence would of society belles when they should be romping about in the free en- of theirs. joyment of untrammeled childhood.

> When they return to the city and school is entered the same conlevel of wages abroad, which is about dition of frivolity prevails. No sooner has the school commenced half the amount now paid here. This than the society season is on and there at once begins a round of dances and balls. Instead of staying at home and studying their lessons young men are allowed to call and the young society but of perhaps 13 years has her brain occupied with the flitting nothings which drive away all esmblance of serious work. No responsibility is felt on the part of the girl and she grows to consider life one endless round of

> > Thoroughness is a lost art for the average inmate of the fashionable young ladies' preparatory school, according to the experience of Miss Symmes. The patient memorizing of the days of our grandfathers is an impossibility for the young girl of to-day, for she trusts to the books for that part of her lessons which can not be learned at

Nature requires a period of untrammeled freedom for the growing human being. Those restrictions and artificial conditions which prevail in modern society in the case of adults should not be allowed to duty on dutiable imports for the fiscal affect the life of the child. Work is necessary and play is necessary; year 1905 was 45.24 per cent. less than these should constitute the life of the girl of 14.

Birth Limitation Need of Times

By PROF. F. W. BLACKMAR. of Chair of Sociology in Kansas University.

as well as the most fundamental problem waukee News. tropy is to practice the law of love and to lend aid to the help- -N. Y. Tribune. less and the weak in such fashion as not to

or weaken the spirit of the individual race or destroy the social order, can do is to stand aghast.-Chicago In-But there are still deeper problems to consider, and there are the restriction of marriage and the limitation of births.

I do not see why we do not talk of this question plainly. Something must be done to stop the multiplication of the unfit by heredity, as well as by environment. How this is to be brought about is dif-

We are steeped in tradition and convention, we have so much hypocrisy in our civilization that it is difficult to apply scientific methods. But education, legislation and radical social selection, to supplement nature, may relieve the situation. This, with continuance of the social forms and individual characteristics, may help us to eliminate

If left to herself, nature eliminates the weak and the unfit, but science dominates civilization, and civilization must submit to the de-

We must either cease trying to reclaim the weak, or make a better selection of stock. If we could eliminate degeneracy, crime, pau- it up to Mr. De Lancey Nicoll to experism and poverty, we must see to the stock of the people.

PROSPERITY INCREASING.

Will Continue Unchecked for Years If Discontent Does Not Creep In.

A bulletin just issued by the de partment of commerce states ' that American exports for eight months ending with February exceeded in value those for eight months ending with February, 1905, by \$190,000,000. Of this increase \$133,000,000 was of agricultural products, while \$45,000,-000 was of manufactures.

By themselves, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, these figures mean little but considered in their proper rela tions they give a striking indication of our national prosperity. And to understand what these relations are we must remember that there are four great groups of articles of foreign commerce, three consisting of both imports and exports and a fourth imports alone. The progress of foreign trade with respect to each of these groups is here summarized on the basis of the figures of each for the first seven or eight months of the last three fiscal years—the months ending with January or February.

1. Foodstuffs, agricultural exports, and food imports. This is still our largest class of exports. Its value was \$700,000,000 for the period ending with February last, as against \$567,000,000 and \$658,000,000 for the came periods ending with February in 1905 and 1904. It grows, but irregularly, from year to year, according to the harvests here and abroad. Food mports are practically stationary, now ranging around \$80,000,000 for the period. But for our failure so far to develop as we might sugar and coffee growing in our new possessions these imports would decline rapidly.

2. Materials, raw or partly manufac tured, of industry. Our mine and forest exports are practically sta tionary and tend to decline. We are using these products more and more at home. But our imports of materials are increasing steadily. They were \$199,000,000 in the eight months ending with February, 1904; \$231,-000,000 for the period ending with February, 1905; had already reached \$221,000,000 by the end of last January, and by the end of the year will doubtless break all records.

3. Manufactures. Imports practically stationary, ranging now around \$12,000,000 for the period and tending The education of to decline. Exports growing steadily and rapidly, and increased from to-day is looking in the \$288,000,000 for the period ending with wrong direction. Ev- February, 1904, to \$342,000,000 for the period ending with February, 1905, to \$387,000,000 for the period ending with last February.

It is hard for a teacher 4. Luxuries; imports only. They to be condemned for in- were \$6,000,000 for the period ending with February, 1904; \$9,000,000 for the period ending with February, pupils who graduate 1905, and about \$12,500,000 for the from her classes do not period ending with last February.

These figures show prosperity all along the line. Those of the second teresting. The prosperity of our agricultural interests requires no argument. These figures show that not

We are selling to other countries less of our materials and buying more We are buying less of their manufactures and selling them more and more of ours. strengthening our position as increasers of the value of commodities by industry. And our increasing purchases of luxuries show that not only are we doing more work, but that it is also profitable work, giving us money to spend for things not neces-

There is no question about our great and increasing prosperity. And, while all things human are transitory, there is no question that this exuberant prosperity will be unchecked for some years, if we do not become discontented with it and spoil it by failing to treat the conditions and institutions under which it has been attained with common sense.

POINTERS AND OPINIONS.

The average ad valorem rate of any preceding year under the Dingley tariff.-American Economist.

Petitioning the present congress The most general to revise the tariff is a manifestation captured. Copass was released on of the faith that moves mountains without disturbing the scenery .-- Mil-

of charity and philan- Ex-Senator David B. Hill says he is content to be a looker-on in politics. This is a good year undoubtedly to have a safe seat in the upper gallery.

With William Jennings Bryan gaining strength daily in congress as conservative leader of the Democdegenerate the stock racy, the only thing that Judge Parker ter Ocean.

Germany will not enforce her high tariff schedules against imports from America because there would be retaliation, and in a tariff war she would be heavily the loser.-Buffalo Commercial.

Northern papers are objecting that a southern man cannot be elected president in 1998 upon the Democratic ticket. Well, what difference does that make? We don't seem to be able to elect any other kind on the Democratic ticket .- Atlanta Journal.

EFAlthough there is no doubt that Mr. Hearst is capable of such a deed. it would, as he himself suggests, be interesting to know how he managed to 'put his feet under the mahogany of the Democratic national committee and then stab his host in the back." Isn't plain?-Boston Transcript.

Kentucky Pick-Ups

DELEGATES NAMED.

Gov. Beckham Announces Appoint ments to Charities Conference.

Frankfort, Ky., April 21.-Gov. Beckham appointed as delegates to attend the national conference of charities and correction, to be held at Philadelphia, May 9-16 next. State prison commissioners, McCutcheon, Brown and Green; state board of control, Percy Haly, Milton Board and D. B. Redwine: Mrs. Desha Breckinridge, Lexington: Miss Emma Bryson, Covington; E. F. Doak, Greendale; W. C. Nones, George Schon, T. D. Ogborne, Mrs. J. B. Castleman, John R. Pflanz J. P. Hild, Mrs. Kate Yayman, Mrs. Richard Turpin, C. M. Ridever, Mrs. Emma Gallagher, Charles A. Wilson, Peter Caldwell, B. B. Huntoon and Ed Grannan, of Louisville.

COL. SWIGERT'S FAMILY.

Private Message Says They Are Safe -Lexington Extends Sympathy.

Lexington, April 20.-Mayor Thomas A. Combs sent a telegram to Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco, extending the sympathy of the Lexington people and offering aid. The only private message to reach here came from Lieut. Hazard, of the regular army, who wired to Mrs. Daniel Swigert that the family of Col. Samuel Swigert were all safe. Dr. E. O. Young is in receipt of a telegram from the navy department in Washington stating that his brother, Commander Lucien Young, was safe. Failing to get word from his brother, Dr. Young wired the officials at Washington

BOTH FATALLY BURNED.

Daughter's Clothes Ignited and Mother Goes To Rescue.

Lexington, Ky., April 21.-Mrs. R. B. McPherson, and 17-year-old daugh ter, Mary, of Wolfe county, were burn ed almost to a crisp at their home and are dying. The girl was washing clothes, when he dress ignited. The mother rushed to her assistance, and her clothing ignited from the daugh ter's and before assistance reached them they were fatally burned.

Maysvillians in Frisco. Maysville, Ky., April 21.-Thorpe Browning, son of Dr. A. G. Browning of this city, and a brother of Clint Browning, of Cincinnati, has been living in San Francisco for several years. A letter was received from him two days prior to the destruction of the city. Two telegrams have been sent to him since and no reply has been received. At least a dozen Maysvillians were in San Francisco and none have

been heard from. Solons To Testify.

Louisville, Ky., April 20.-Senators Phelps, Charlton and McNutt and Representatives Drewry and Dr. W. W. Smith, of Louisville, were summoned to appear before the grand jury at Frankfort and testify in connection with the investigation of charges tha bribery was resorted to at the recen session of the Kentucky legislature to influence votes against the passage of the rectifiers' bill.

Clark Must Serve Time.

Frankfort, Ky., April 21,-The court of appeals affirmed a judgment of the Campbell circuit court, sentencing J. H. Clark to prison for 10 years, on conviction of committing an assault upon a child under 12 years of age. The judgment appealed from was rendered upon the fourth trial of the case in the

Haley is Ranking Officer. Frankfort, Ky., April 21 .- In accept ing the resignation of Adjt. Gen. Haley Gov. Beckham placed him upon the unassigned list of the Kentucky guard. with the rank of general. He was so placed under an act of the general assembly at the recent session, and is thus the ranking officer of the guard.

A Moonshiner Captured.

Glasgow, Ky., April 20 .- J. C. Co. pass, a wealthy farmer and stock raiser who resides near Bonayr, was arrested charged with operating a moonshine distillery. A large still and all the necessary appliances were

New Adjutant General.

Frankfort, Ky., April 20.-Henry R Lawrence, of Cadiz, was appointed adjutant general of the state to succeed Gen. Percy Haly, resigned. Lawrence is editor of the Cadiz Record. He was a page in the assembly of 1890, and came back as a member of the house

Seeking His Sister.

Lexington, Ky., April 20.-Dr. W. O. Bullock left for San Francisco in search of his sister and her husband, Rev. and Mrs. R. L. Cave, who reside in the stricken city. Every effort has been made by members of the family here to get into communication with

A Practical View. "He's nothing but a hypocrite. Isn't it disgusting for a man to use his religion as a cloak?"

'Yes, and what's more, it's foolish for religion such as his is neces sarily so flimsy that he's liable to catch cold in it."-Philadelphia Press.

Poor Father! Bobbie-Mamma?

Mamma-Well?

Bobbie-Were men awful scarce when you married papa, or did you. just feel sorry for him?-Judge.



METHOD OF DIPPING SHEEP

Prof. R. A. Craig Describes Convenient Arrangements for the Small Farmer.

Dipping the entire animal in a solution, which will kill the insects and prevent dsease is both simple and ef- build a new brooder house. fective. Very simple appliances will to be treated. A box or tank for the this house into two parts. sheep are bandled.

need be made of any others. They are cheaper in the long run than any ter weather. home-made tank. For a drain board

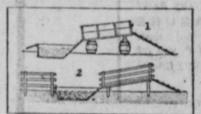


FIG. 1.-A SIMPLE DIPPING OUTFIT. FIG. 2.-PERMANENT DIPPING OUT-

quite well if arranged on supports as shown in Fig. 1. It must slant toward the tank, so as to return the liquid as it drips from the wet sheep. The floor must be tight enough to prevent leak-

Where a large number of sheep are light fencing timber.

manner to be quite harmful, and pre- that poultry houses with large winthe solutions fresh and not too strong. with small windows. All of our ir The Colorado dip is made up of 33 pounds flowers of sulphur, 11 pounds unslaked lime, and 100 gallons of wa-

A very effective dip used and tested by the bureau of animal industry is made of 24 pounds of flowers of sulphur, eight pounds unslaked lime and 100 gallons of water. This is made by mixing the sulphur and lime to a paste, and then boiling for three hours in 25 gallons of water, stirring it rapidly. Let this stand over night and drain off the clear liquid, to which add the rest of the 100 gallons of warm water

before dipping. dip is made by steeping 16 pounds of tobacco jeaves in warm water for one vestigations, however, point to the day; then boil a few moments and let large windows as being the most servstand over night. Strain off the liquid | iceable. It is true, that the more glass whole mixture to 100 gallons.

They should be mixed carefully ac- the birds are entirely comfortable in to drain thoroughly, as several pints sunlight, which is a powerful germiof liquid will be held by the wool as cide and which dries up the moisture they walk out of the tank. The loss in the poultry house. Moisture is an after shearing.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Hog-killing is a trying time for the

Sunlight in the cow stable is worth money. Mutton is growing in favor with meat-eaters.

There are too few good horses and

too many poor ones. Every farmer should have a few

When driving never hurry a horse up hill. Be ever kind to the dam before the

colt is born. Don't let the horses have too much water at the first of the plowing sea-

Sometimes there may be a sore teat, and, when the pigs begin to nurse, the they calmly cement his shell with wax pain will cause the sow to jump up, to the bottom of the hive. Imprisonand she will turn on the pigs, as the ment for life, with no hope of parcause of the pain, and injure them.

Time to Stop Her Laying.

layer begins to produce eggs without extent than the Americans. They are shells it is quite time to stop her laying now very well pleased with their foraltogether for a period, which can eas- mer course, as the demand for Merino tiy be done by puiding her on short wool is very large and prices are high. diet. Let her have entire rest and then They have found also that the Meriprobably a cure will be effected. Give nos herd easily, are good travelers daily.

Breeding geese do not need special seeding or care. They will keep them- medicine to a horse is to place the selves in prime condition if given un- same in a long necked heavy bottle. limited range of meadow where they Hold the horse's head well up, insert can have ample exercise. A small feed the neck of the bottle behind the back of oats at sunset is often given with teeth, and he will be obliged to swalbenefit.

White Clover on Clay Soil.

On heavy clay soil lawns may be made with white clover, which grows cessful market man. rapidly, improves the soil and prepares it for grasses. An ounce will plant about ten square feet.

MADE-OVER POULTRY HOUSE

An Instance of the Genius of Utilizing the Old and Unused Things on the Farm.

It only cost us \$11 to move our old smoke-house and get enough new flooring and other material to make this useless old building over into a comfortable brooder house. It is not handsome building; a good deal of the weather boarding is old, the windows are some old discarded ones that had laid up in the garret for years, but it will make a comfortable, roomy winter home for the pullets that were raised in it. And next spring we will

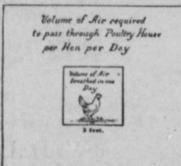
We find that 50 hens are enough to serve where only a few animals are keep in one house, and we have divided dip and a few feet of drain board are scratching place is in the front part, all that is really necessary. More and the back part of the building is to complete arrangements serve to reduce be their roosting place. This old the labor where larger numbers of building is higher than there is any need of, but the upper part we nave The advantages of a metal dipping fixed into a storing place for grain, so tank are so marked that no mention we can feed the hens without making so many trips to the barn in bad win-

There's no use trying to make poulan ordinary wagon bed will serve try a success without suitable buildings and conveniences, declares a correspondent of the Prairie Farmer. We have tried it and know it is uphill work. But "where there's a will there's a way." On many farms there are old sheds and buildings like our old smokehouse of little use, more of an eyesore than anything else, that can be transformed with a little labor and expense into comfortable homes for the winter layers; and comfortable quarters they must have if we want thrifty laying

POULTRY HOUSES.

A Discussion as to Whether the Windows Should Be Large or Small -Value of Sunlight.

There is controversy among poultry handled and a fixed device is desired, raisers as to whether the windows of a chute and drain floor may be con- poultry houses should be large or structed as shown in Fig. 2, out of small. The men in favor of large windows say they wish to get a great deal The most effective dips contain sul- of light into the houses. Those in phur, lime, tobacco or arsenic in some favor of the small windows say that proportions. These may be mixed in a the glass cools off rapidly at night and caution must always be taken to have dows are colder than poultry houses



The combined tobacco and sulphur PROPORTION OF AIR SUPPLY TO

and add to it as many pounds of sulphur as tobacco used. Add the sul- true that if the fowls are properly phur just before dipping. Dilute the protected from drafts, a few degrees of cold more do not count for any-More trouble is saved by using the thing. In many of our poultry estabprepared dips now on the market, lishments now, the windows are bemany of which are very effective. ing merely covered with cloth, and cording to directions and never too such houses. There should be large strong. Dip the sheep thoroughly, windows on the east, south and west putting them entirely under the liquid sides of all poultry houses, says the for a few seconds. Then allow them Farmers' Review. This lets in the in this way will be less according as enemy to nearly all farm stock, and the sheep are dipped immediately the drier we can keep the poultry the better. The poultry enjoy the sun streaming in through the windows.

How Bees Embalm.

"Bees," says Horbis, "can embalm as successfully as could the ancient Egyptians. It often happens in damp weather that a slug or snail will enter a bee hive. This is, of course, to the unprotected slug a case of suddea death. The bees fall upon him and sting him to death at once. But what to do with the carcass becomes a vital question. If left where it is it will breed a regular pestilence. Now comes in the cleverness of the insects. They set to work and cover it with wax, and there you may see it lying embalmed, just as the nations of old embalmed their dead. When it is a snail that is the intruder, he is, of course, impenetrable to their sting; so don."

Merinos in Australia.

The Australians have been using the When a hen known to be a prolific Merino sheep to a very much larger plenty of variety in food, taking care when the pastures are short, and stand that the hcn has a chance to run out hardships better than many other

Giving Horse Medicine.

A safe way to give a quart of liquid low it. Medicine can be given in this way with very little trouble.

A careful poulterer becomes a suc-

A mild winter is apt to grow ar early louse crop.

PARABLE OF THE SOWER

Sunday School Lesson for April 29,1906 Specially Prepared for This Paper

LESSON TEXT .- Mark 4:1-20; Memory LESSON TEXT.—Mark 4:1-20; Memory verse, 20.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"The Seed is the Word of God."—Luke 8:11.

TIME.—Autumn A. D. 28, at close of Christ's second tour of Galilee, soon after events of our last lesson.

PLACE.—On shore of Lake of Galilee, probably near Capernaum.

SCRIPTURE REFERENCES.—Parallel Dassages on parable: Matt. 12:1-22 and

SCRIPTURE REFERENCES.—Parallel passages on parable: Matt. 13:1-23 and Luke 8:4-15. Word "parable" as used in Scripture: Ezek. 20:49; Num. 23:7; Psa. 78:2; Mark 13:28. Six occasions of the use of the words, "he that hath ears to hear," etc., as spoken by Christ: Matt. 11:15; 13:43; Mark 4:9; 4:23; 7:16 (Auth. Ver.); Luke 14:35. See also Rev. 2:7, 11, 17, 29; 3:6, 13, 22; 13:9. Compare also Matt. 13:12; 25:29; Luke 8:18; 19:26. References to thorns, thisties, and briers. Isa. 55:13; Ezek. 28:24; Hos. 10:8; Psa. 118:12; Prov. 24:31; Eccl. 7:6; Jer. 4:3; 12:13; Matt. 7:16; 27:29; 2 Cor. 12:7

Comment and Suggestive Thought.

Comment and Suggestive Thought. V. 1. "Again . . . by the sea." Jesus frequently taught by the Sea of Galilee. "Very great multitude." "Out of every (Luke): "Entered into a snip city." . . sea." Seated himself, as a (boat) Jewish rabbi would have done, at the prow of the boat, nearest the shore.

V. 2. "Many things by parables." Matthew records seven parables spoken on this occasion, and Mark adds one more. All related to aspects of Christ's kingdom, or its growth.

V. 3. "Behold." An exclamation to attract attention; quite possibly, also, Jesus pointed to the adjoining hillside, where that of which he told was being enacted. "A sower . . . to sow." "His basket of seed slung under his left arm, with steady, measured pace he marched up and down his portion of the open field, jerking his handful of corn before him at every step."-Tris-

V. 4. "By the wayside." Upon the trodden pathway running through or by the side of the field. "The fowls came and devoured it." Great flocks of rock-pigeous and crows dwell in the hills and valleys surrounding the Sea

V. 5. 6. "Stony grounds." Places where a thin layer of earth covered an underlying slab of rock. This rock. becoming warm by the sun, causes the seeds which fall upon it to sprout quickly, but also prevents their roots from striking downward and finding sustenance in the soil.

V. 7. "Among thorns." Thorn-bearing plants, of which there are many varieties in Palestine. "Choked it." The thorns, being stronger, soon over; top the grain and rob it of the sunlight; their roots also rob the grain roots of moisture, and perhaps twine around and actually "choke" it.

V. 8. Read this according to the Revised rendering. "Thirtyfold. . . sixtyfold . an hundredfold." It is not uncommon that, from one grain of wheat sown upon the fertile soil of Palestine, heads bearing 30, 60 or cven 100 grains are produced.

heed that they might understand and crease is ascribed to adulteration. truly profit from what they had heard. V. 10. "When alone. . the twelve." When the crowd had dispersed after all the parables spoken on this occa- when Mr. Ketch came to see me the

truly desirous of understanding, gath- go and stop the clock? ered about Jesus, and asked Him to Miss Chillicon-Not at all. Some interpret them. cause you are sincere in heart and re- stop a clock .-- Chicago Tribune. ceptive in mind. "The mystery of the kingdom of God." The secret religious

rites of the Greeks were called "mysceive it.

ter rendered in Matt. 13:13; where it is forbid smoking. But their discretion is because of willfully shutting the stte. No pipes are to be allowed. eyes-that is, hardening the heart.

V. 14. "The sower soweth the word." Jesus knows that His hearers will from this understand that He, at the trafted with hustle. time of speaking, is the Sower. The seed ig the "Word of God," the proclamation of God's love which He was continually teaching by gracious words whose hearts, like the wayside, have been hardened by being made "a com mon road for every evil influence.

V. 16. The second class of hearer "hear the Word, immediately receive it with gladness." Their emotions are stirred; they are pleased, exhilarated made happy, and without any deep thought, decide hastily that they will be followers of Jesus. Prompt decision is not condemned, but the lack of sincerity and deep purpose.

V. 17. "Have no root in themselves. Their hearts do not really take hold of Jesus. They think themselves Chris tians, because, at the moment, tha seems to be the most attractive life "When tribulation or persecution ariseth." The rock-bed of seifishnes lies under these emotions.

Practical Points. V. 3. It becomes us to hearken at tentively to every message of God .-Hab. 2:1.

V. 9. We are without excuse if the Gospel message which comes to our ears is not permitted to find lodgment in our hearts .- Rom. 1: 20, 21 . V. 14. Jesus' representatives upon

the Word of God beside all waters .-John 17:18: Matt. 28:19. V. 17.—Personal faith in the living Saviour is the root which does not wither in the furnace of affliction .-

Job 13:15.

FAITH OF COLLEGE GIRLS.

There Is an Unwritten Law Among Them Against Locking Up Their Jewelry.

The recent arrest of a young woman for alleged thefts from the Smith college dormitories calls attention to the attitude of college girls in the matter of safeguarding their belongings, says the New York Sun.

There is an unwritten law among college girls that nothing belonging to them shall be under lock and key, and they leave diamond rings blazing on their dressing tables and their pocketbooks peeking out of bureau drawers. If they miss a trinket or an article of apparel for a day or two they do not worry, arguing that Elizabeth or Genevieve or some other bosom friend has simply borrowed it.

Sometimes a girl will miss an opera cloak and make no attempt to hunt it up until she had need of it herself. Scarfs and gloves and handkerchiefs are often lent in this same careless fashion. The girls say that it shows a mean suspicion of their college mates, as well as an unaccommodating spirit, to keep their valuables locked

Room doors are almost invariably unlocked, and as the entrance door of the dormitory is always unlocked there is nothing to prevent a woman on robbery bent from ransacking half a dozen rooms in a few minutes.

President Seelye has risen in chapel young women to keep their valuables locked up.

The students look grave at his admonitions, and for a week there is a great jingling of keys and a careful stowing away of rings, bracelets, brooches and the allowance which nas just come from home. At the end of the week such care becomes irksome and things are thrown around in any old way as before. Rings are slipped over a hatpin stuck in a pincushion, pocketbooks are deposited in the chafing dish, laces dangle over a corner of the mirror, watches tick placidly on the pin trays, necklaces are draped around a perfume bottle and doors are kept wide open again.

When a college girl suffers from robbery she does not regard the matter very seriously at first, especially if the theft be of money. When the robberies become frequent she begins to think of a dishonest servant or men thieves.

When the culprit is proved to be a woman the college girl is almost as much upset as the criminal herself; but it teaches her no lesson.

Maybe for a month she will not leave her room without locking up everything, but at the end of the month she will argue that the thief has been apprehended, so that there is really no need to be so careful.

Whisky in Australia.

Australians apparently have about decided that if they are to continue drinking British whiskies they must have them pure. Five years ago the annual consumption of Scotch whisky V. 9. "He that hath ears to hear, in western Australia amounted to let him hear." Jesus' call to all His about 2,000,000 gallons, but now it is hearers, inviting them to pay earnest not much more than 1,500,000. The de-

Setting Her Right.

Miss Blawsome-Did you say that sion had been given, a little company other evening he was mean enough to

spiteful person must have told you V. 11. "Unto you is given." Be- that. I said he was ugly enough to

Governmental Edict.

Recently the Italian government isteries." The Gospel of Christ is a mys- sued an order that there was to be no tary in that it can be clearly under- smoking in business hours by officials stood only by those whose hearts re- whose duties brought them into contact with the public. For those whose V. 12. "Seeing . . . not perceive," etc | duties do not it is left to the discretion A free quotation from Isa. 6: 9, 10, bet of heads of departments to allow or to clearly shown that the failure to see is limited to the cigar and the cigar-

> Hustle Helps. Hope doesn't bear fruit unless it is

MARKET REPORTS.

	ALOGS CHIOCE PACKETS 0 00 W D DIA
e	Mixed packers 6 40 @ 6 60
	SHEEP-Extra 4 35 @ 4 60
14	LAMSBS-Spring10 00 @13 00
	FLOUR-Spring patent 4 50 @ 4 85
9	CORN-No. 2 mixed 511/2 @ 52
	OATS-No. 2 mixed 34 @ 341/2
e	TYE-No. 2 66 @ 68
6	BARLEYNo. 2 spring 60 @ 65
1,	HAY-Choice timothy14 50 @15 00
	PORK-Clear mess
10	LARD-Prime steam 8 45 @ 8 50
1	BUTTER-Choice dairy @ 14
	Choice creamery @ 23
0	APPLES-Choice, per bbl 6 00 @ 6 50
	POTATOES-Per bush 75 @ 80
	TOBACCO-New 5 00 @16 50
33	Old 4 50 @14 15
	CHICAGO.
1	FLOUR-Winter patent 3 40 @ 3 90
	WHEAT-No. 2 red 88%@ 91%
•	No. 3 red
	CORN—No. 2 mixed @ 47½ OATS—N o.2 mixed @ 32¼
	OATS-N 0.2 mixed @ 32%
ki :	RYE-No. 2 choice 611/20 621/2
0 .	PORK-Mess, prime16 15 @16 20
	LARD-Prime steam 8 70 @ 8 721/2
8	NEW YORK.
4	FLOUR-Winter patent 3 90 @ 4 25
-1	WHEAT-No. 2 red @ 911/2
1	CORN-No 2 mixed (a) b7
	OATS-No. 2 mixed 37 @ 574
	RYE-Western mixed 45 PORK-Mess, prime 17 25 @17 50
	PORK-Mess, prime

LARD—Prime steam 8 90 @ 8 95 BALTIMORE.

WHEAT-No. 3 value
CORN-No. 3 white
OA'L No. 3 mixed
PORK-Mess, prime
LARD-Prime steam earth to-day are commissioned to sow INDIANAPOLIS. CATTLE-Prime steers ... 5 25 @ 5 70 HOGS-Good to choice ... 6 66 @ 6 75 SHLEP-Best grade 4 00 @ 5 70

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ACADEMY COURSES-Four years, fitting for College, for business and for life.

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We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education, Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction; and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for fall term of 14 weeks may be brought within \$29.50. Winter term of 11 weeks \$27.00. Spring term again and again and exhorted the of 11 weeks \$24.25. Fall term opened September 13. Winter term opened January 3 and Spring term will open March 21.

The School is endorsed by Baptists, Christians (Disciples), Congregationalists, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations

For information and friendly advice address the Secretary,

WILL C. GAMBLE. Berea, Madison County, Ky.

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supply your wants.
IF IT'S FROM US, ITS GOOD. New Florence Drop Top Ball Bearing Sewing Machines, \$25, \$30 and \$35, worth \$50, \$60 and \$65.

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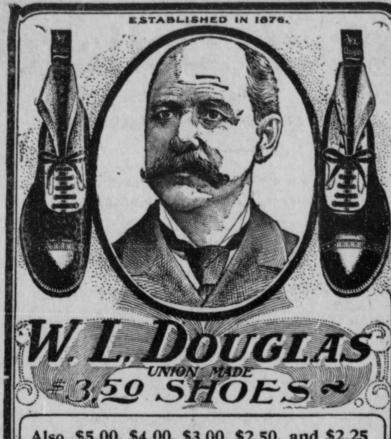
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Madison County Roller Mills

Manufacturers Fancy Roller Flour Corn Meal Crushed Corn, Etc. Ship Stuffs Our "GOLD DUST" Roller Floor will be hard to beat "PRIDE OF MADISON" is another Excellent Flour

Potts & Duerson,



Also, \$5.00, \$4.00, \$3.00, \$2.50, and \$2.25 for Men; \$3.00, \$2.50, and \$2.00 for Boys; \$2.00 and \$1.75 for Youths.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes, because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

We carry a full line, and can insure a perfect fit. anspection invited.

BEREA, KENTUCKY

Berea and Vicinity.

GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

at Narrow Gap.

was in Berea Monday.

The "Onion Patch" is being dug up for the purpose of rearranging the tiling.

Mrs. Gamble is greatly benefited return for a few weeks yet.

Major Grosvenor has been ill with a threatened attack of pneumonia for

Mr. F.W. Ferris, representing the Discussion. Cincinnati Cordage Company, was a visitor at the Printing Office Wed-

Mrs. J. P. Pauley, has gone on a of Richmond.

Mr. W. E. Scott, representing the Whitaker Paper Company, of Cincinnati and Nashville, was in town this week

Work is being done on the Congregational church' house in preparation for finishing it off inside. It will be a great improvement.

Mr. J. P. Bicknell has sold the lot west of his store to Mr. Robert Richardson. Mr. Richardson is making preparation to erect a store house on his new property.

Dogwood Winter has come and gone and today it looks as tho summer were really here. The trees are sending out their leaves and Berea is coming to be at its prettiest. Come and see if it is not.

There will be an entertainment at the Baptist Church Tuesday evening, May 8. The public is invited and a delightful time is in store for all those who attend. Full particulars of the nature of the gathering will be given later.

Owing to the delay of our correspondents this week our Eastern Kentucky News page is not as well filled as usual. We cannot print news coming in later than Wednesday noon and would greatly prefer it a day or two before.

Mr. Stephens is building a very tasteful ornamental wire fence in front of his new house on Chestnut | Scott's Emulsion Avenue. If Mr. Stephens is not careful, he will have everything done at his new place and will have to sell out and build new.

Mrs. Mary J. Jones, widow of the late Francis M. Jones, died at her home on Forest Avenue on Monday of this week. Mrs. Jones had been a member of the Silver Creek Baptist church since she was sixteen years old. She was ill but a few days and and died in confidence of immortality. She was buried Tuesday in the Silver Creek burying ground, Rev. Mr. Kitchen officiating.

┡_{┪┡┡┡╇╇┡╒╃╒┡╇╒╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇╇} The Y. M. C. A. of the College ex. to express to you my deep appreciated that as the season advances more tends a vote of thanks to the citizens to of the great work which you are games will be arranged and played. Miss Fox has returned to her work | The Y. M. C. A. of the College ex-General Sears of Chillicothe, Ohio of Berea for their patronage at the doing there. The more I think of it Fountain Opening last week. Especially do they remember the Porter Drug Company for the \$54.60 has ever been undertaken in Kencheck sent them the next day. This is inserted at the request of Messrs. sowing will bring forth fruit which Langfeltner, Hoffman, and Simpson, will do much to make Kentucky a by her stay in Chicago, but will not the committee having the opening in greater and better State. It was a

The Women's Club will meet with Mrs. Cartmell next Tuesday night at not fully realized the conditions una few days but he is again at his 7:30. The program will be as follows: Music, Mrs. Effie G. Lewis; I am sure, however, that the sturdy Our visitors made a very pleasant Roll Call; Business; Current Events, impression upon all who met them. Mrs. Laura C. Tupper; Lesson, Mac-We do not wonder at the popularity beth; Papers, Historical Setting of of Superintendent Mark in Louisville.

beth; Papers, Historical Setting of the Play, Mrs. Ellen Frost; Who Is the Play, Mrs. Ellen Frost; Who Is the Villain, Mrs. Thomson; General all the other members of your education.

The report that the relief committees at San Francisco are discriminating against the Chinese in dis-Mrs. Ann F. Gumm, mother of tributing relief is denied by Mayor Schmitz and the presidents of the visit to her daughter, Mrs. Chaney, different associations. This will give great satisfaction to those who have been disturbed by this groundless

> The great catastrophe at San Francisco has filled the columns of all our city payers the past week to the exclusion of other interests. The latest report is that only about 277 people have been killed, tho others may be found later. This has been the greatest fire in the history of this country, far greater than the fires in Boston, Chicago, and Baltimore. The monetary loss has been estimated at \$300,000,000, almost a nation's ransom.

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; adeep breath irritates it;-these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system

is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor

Send for free sample SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists 409-415 Pear Street, New York 50c. and \$1.00. Al druggists

College Items

HERE AND THERE

The excursion is all ready to start cessful outing is confidently antici-

was a business caller at the College Monday.

Miss Richardson and Miss Means, of Boston, Mass., are visiting in Berea for a few days. They are the guests of President and Mrs. Frost.

Rev. Mr. Thomson gave the second at the Chapel Monday night.

are unable to support it.

Martha Washburn left for her this summer.

Clifford Britton was called home Wednesday noon by the illness of

Cincinnati Friday. A great time is Varsity pitcher, went into the box

Aftermath of the Conference.

Just before going to press we re-ceived the following letters which will explain themselves:

Louisville, Ky., April 24, 1906. Prof. J. W. Dinsmore,

Berea College, Berea, Ky.
My dear Prof. Dinsmore:—I am writing you to tell you how very the more I am convinced that you are doing one of the greatest works that revelation to me. In fact, even at this time it seems to me as if I have material you are using will bring

Give my kindest regards to Mrs. tional family. With best wishes yourself, I am, Very sincerely,

best results.

E. H. Mark.

Richmond, Ky., April 25, 1906. Prof. J. W. Dinsmore,

ing able to attend any of the meet-

Jesus have any terrors for him.

Some Rules for Correspondents. In spelling proper names, name of can guess at other things, but we Farmer. don't like to guess at names.

Try to get your correspondence in by Tuesday night, or by Wednesday noon at latest, still if something important has happened, we want it even if you can't get it to us before Thursday.

We reserve the right to alter or to leave out anything that we consider too personal or not of sufficient interest for the majority of our readers.

We want correspondence from all parts of the country. Let us know what is happening in your locality. Sign your name to every letter

Faculty Again Defeated

By the Strong Normal Team-Was Good Game-Faculty Reeds a Mascot to Help Them Win.

Last Saturday there was another great (?) game of baseball. The Faculty and Normal teams played their second game, and, as usual, the on Friday morning. Another suc- former team lost, not because of the Normal's good playing, but because of poor playing by most of the Fac-Mayor C. E. Woods, of Richmond, as a business caller at the College Ionday.

ulty. Again, some of the younger members of the Faculty team took advantage of the "Social privilege" rule," which was laid aside for the game, and could not be persuaded to leave their fair companions; as a result, some "ringers" were put in to fill up their places. Morton, who at a minute's notice, went 'in to do of his series of lectures on Astronomy the twirling for the Faculty, did very the Chapel Monday night.

High tension insulators are being effective work after he gained control of the ball. He fielded his posiplaced on the poles of the automatic tion like an old-time professional telephone system. The reason for this is that the weight of the wires is so great that the sile insulators game the Faculty had the bases filled and it needed only a base hit to President McGranihan, of Knox. bring in a run, but alas! the hit did ville College, is in Berea for a little not materialize. Much more attention should be given to place hitting during practice. Professor Rumold brother's home in Maysville Thurs. made the best hit of the game. Tho day morning, where she will make it was really a home run, the profespreparations for Sunday school work sor seemed content with three bases. Anderson and Bender acted in the capacity of umpires, and gave entire satisfaction.

An injustice was done the Varsity battery by a local paper in its report James McGranahan led the United of the game between the Citizens and the Faculty last Wednesday. True, ing. There will be about two hundred catcher, to good advantage during the in the student excursion party to entire game, but when Britton, the, the Citizens scored only seven runs, and these mostly on bad errors. The Varsity battery proved its effectiveness from the minute they swung in-to action, and had it not been for the first two innings, there would have been a different result.

The players of both the Normal and Faculty teams were somewhat used up from the strenuous exercise, and much witch hazel and arnica is being used. Much enjoyment is to much I enjoyed my trip to Berea and be had from the sport, and it is hop-

Followin	g is the line u	ip for Sat-
urday's gan	ne;	
Faculty	Position	Normal
Morton	pitcher	Haney
	catcher	
Seale	1st base	. McGlone
Dick	2d base	Arnold
Osborne	.short stop	Kline
	3d base	
Rumold	.right field	Rice
Bowler	.center field.	Wilson
Fulkerson	left field	Hopkins
	Normal 23;	

No Pipe Dream

Young man, I notice that you have ting in all your time sucking away at it. Now, I am no crank and I don't care if you smoke your head off. But I just want to tell you that you don't look near as manly as you think you do as you stand on the corner Berea, Ky.

Dear Sir:—I want to take occasion ceed to puff out clouds of smoke. to express my deep regret at not be- If a business man was looking for some boy to fill a good position and ings of the County Superintendents' should run across you swaggering Conference recently held at Berea. down street, pipe in your mouth. I assure you that my absence was he would pass you by. You smoke unavoidable, and, while I say it was because you think it is smart, and a source of deep regret that I was not because you enjoy it. In fact, not able to be present, I heartily en you feel pretty bum at supper time dorse and rejoice in the broad educa- after keeping your pipe hot all the tional spirit and enterprise of Berea College in doing this splendid work.

Yours sincerely, John Noland.

Afternoon, don't you? Don't tell me you don't, for I have been there myself. Your breath reeks of stale tobacco and your teeth get black and dirty, while your clothes are ready A few preachers throughout the for fumigation at all times. Isn't country are applying the Sodom and that about the case? Can you see Gomorrah argument to the destruc- anything manly in keeping in such tion of San Francisco. Without a condition? Can you give me one doubt there were wicked people in the great city and a great many things were done and allowed to be done that made thoughtful people at least a dozen whiskers on your sad. But a man who can stand up face before you become an old dirty before a congregation and say that pipe fiend. It may be all right for the Almighty destroyed San Fran- an old man to suck a pipe all the cisco on account of its wickedness is time, but a boy has no business to a survival of prehistoric times. do it. The boy who does not smoke Neither facts nor the teachings of looks better, feels better, stands better and is better than one who is always sucking away at an old dirty pipe. Just ask the first dozen people you meet about it and see if I am persons or places, write plainly. We not right .- [Osborne County (Kans.)

> Parties desiring to rent sewing machines for a month or more can get some at R. H. Chrisman's Fur-

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVES signature is on each box. 25c.

Buckeye Fertilizers

you send us. We will not publish If you wish to raise big crops, if you your name unless you consent to it, have a tomato contract, buy Buckeye but must know who has written the Fertilizers at the Farm Barn, Berea College. Prices right.



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT COVERS MOST Always covers more than expected-you'll generally bave paint left over.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT WEARS LONGEST We can show you houses still in good condition painted many years ago. THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

LOOKS BEST The colors are clearer and cleaner than any others and have a more lasting gloss.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT MOST ECONOMICAL It takes less S.W. P. to do a given job, and you don't have to paint as often.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT FULL MEASURE Most paints are sold short measure. With S.W. P. you get a full gallon for every gallon you buy.

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YOU CAN BUY

the very best and freshest goods. I get them fresh two or three times a week; no stuff that has been on hand.

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Good	Flou	r				*			
Very	Best	Flour							
	Navy								
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I sell a complete line of tinware, all kinds of staple and fancy groceries, hardware, hay, all kinds seed potatoes and mill feed. Prompt delivery to all parts of city.

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You must have it to make your home or room look and feel comfortable for the winter. There is no better time to buy than now and we have the things you need: Kitchen, Dining-room and Parlor Furniture, Bedroom Suites, Desks, Carpets, Window Shades, Pictures, etc.

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Spring is here

and everybody wants new and up-to-date goods, and we have them. Consisting of suits for men and boys. Shoes at all prices, for men, women and children. A nice line of ladies' skirts. Men's and boys' hats of latest styles, and a full line of men's and women's furnishing goods. Call and see our spring goods before buying.

Our golden rule: 'Treat your customers right if you expect their future patronage."

The New Cash Store

RHODUS, GREEN & CO., PROPRIETORS.

TERRIBLE

San Francisco in Ruins.

Earthquake Destroys Eight Square Miles Of Buildings.

The Number of Lives Lost Is Estimated at Anywhere From 2,000 to 5,000.

The Property Loss is Placed at Above the Three Hundred Million Mark.

Homeless, Destitute and in Need of Shelter.

Death and Suffering On All Sides-Contributions to Alleviate the Suffering Are Pouring in From All Parts of the Country.

San Francisco, April 19 -- Earthmake and fire Wednesday have put and seeking more to devour. San Francisco in ruins. From 2,000 thousands injured, and the property sands of people are homeless and destitute, and all day long streams of people have been fleeing from the strickquake shook the whole city and surrounding country. One shock apparentstructures all over the city. fires broke out in various sections the hour of awful horror. The orders there was nothing to do but to let the were given to concentrate every fire buildings burn. Telegraph and telephone communication was shut off for marshall troops of soldiers there, the

Electric power was stopped and street cars did not run. Railroads and ferry remainder of the city. boats also ceased operations. The various fires have been raging all day and the fire department has been pow- to the avenue by the military horses to erless to do anything except to dyna aid the dynamiters in blowing up the day long explosions have shaken the east side of Van Ness avenue in order city and added to the terror of the in- to prevent the flames from leaping habitants. Following the first shock across the highway and starting on there was another within five minutes, their unrestrained sweep across the but not nearly so severe. Three hours | western addition. later there was another slight quake.

square miles have been burned over. north from the water to Montgomery the earth a mass of dust and debris. street. Manufacturies, hotels, wholesele houses and residences, comprising the principal part of the business section have been destroyed. The city Hall, a structure costing \$7,000,000 was first wrecked by the earthquake and then destroyed by fire. The Palace hotel, value estimated at \$3,000,-960, also burned. The beautiful Claus Spreckels building, at Third and Mar-

For three miles along the water front buildings have been swept clean have been bombarding the ears of the and the blackened beams and great skeletons of factories and offices stand quake of 48 hours ago. They have Tame that is slowly spreading over the pell mell, drowning their senses in a entire city. The whole commercial and office section of the city on the north side of Market street from the hind the flames that even the desperferry bailding to 10th street has been consumed in the hell of flame, while Van Ness avenue could not stay, hardly a building is standing in the district south of Market street. At 2 p. m., despite the heroic work of the blew up preperty valued at millions. the flames spread across Market street to the north side and swept up Mont-

The street from the Palace hotel.

vaults can be reached. complete enumeration of them would one of terribly hardship. Famishing Crocker mansions. All were swept regeneration.

Many of the anest buildings in the city were levelled to dust by terrific charges of dynamite in the hopeless efforts to stay the horror of fire. In this work many heroic soldiers, policemen and firemen were mained or killed outright.

Forgetting for a moment the terrible suffering, physical and financial, that trails in the wake of the disaster, the scene presented by the flames is one of unspeakable grandeur. Looking over the city from a high hill in the western addition the flames could be seen rolling skyward for miles and

Mayor Schmitz was about early and took measures for the relief and protection of the city. Gen. Funston was quickly communicated with and by ! a. m. 1,000 federal soldiers were guarding the streets and assisting the fire men in dynamiting buildings. Gen Funston realized that stern measures were necessary and gave orders that looters were to be shot at sight.

San Francisco, April 20 .- Thursday night the city was desorate. It seemed that the acme of its misery was reached at dusk, when flames burst from all sides of the beautiful Hotel Fairmont, the palace that above every other structure was apparently most strongly entrenched against the attack of the all-consuming fire. And surrounding that lofty pinacle of flame as far as the eye could see to the south, to the east, and far out to the west, lay in cruel fantastic heaps, charred and smoking, all that remained of a prosperous city.

The metropolis of the western slope

This had been another day of an uneven struggle of man against ur conquerable elements of nature. Acre after acre had been ground into dust and ashes, despite the heroic perse-Three Hundred Thousand Persons Are verance of the firemen to limit the

conflagration With each succeeding hour the devastation and destruction in this stricken and prostrate ruin of San Francisco grows and grows. At 6 p. m. it seemed as if nothing could save the comparatively small portion of the city that yet remains unburned. The entire business and wholesale district is now only a glowing furnace, while the giant tongues of fire, which have reached the westward far beyond Van Ness avenue, are wiping out buildings

At 4 p. m. Mayor Schmitz and Chief 5,000 people have been killed, of Police Dinan saw that the only hope of saving the western addition, with loss will exceed \$300,000,000. Thou- its forest of frame dwellings, and the Richmond district, with its thousands of homes, was to check the cruel march of the wall of fire at Van Ness en districts to places of safety. It avenue, which crosses the city from was 5:15 a. m. when a terrific earth, north to south, where the retail stores and fine apartment houses end and where the residences begin. This avey lasted two minutes, and there was nue is 30 feet wide, and the possibilialmost immediate collapse of flimsy ties of checking the march of the The flames here looked hopeful to those water supply was cut off and when who were figuring ways and means in engine in the city at this avenue, to police and all the army of workers, and make one last stand to save the

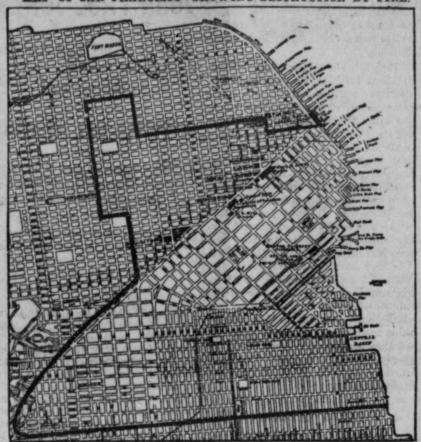
The co-operation of the artillery was secured and huge cannons were drawn mite the buildings threatened. All mansions of the millionaires on the

Every available pound of dynamite Fire has cone the great damage. An | was hauled to this point, and the sight area of thickly covered ground of eight was one of stupendous and appalling havoc, as the cannons were trained The burned district extends from the on the palaces and the shot tore into water front south of Market street, to the walls and toppled the buildings in Market street, and west to 11th street, crushing ruins. At other points the north of Market. The fire extends out dynamite was used, and house after haves and McAllister streets nearly house, the dwellings of millionaires, to Pillmore, and from the water front were lifted into the air by the power slong Market to Montgomery, and of the bellowing blast, and dropped to

Many of the workers in placing the blasts took chances that spelled injury by the soldiers. or death. The fire line at 6 p. m. extended a mile along the east side of Van Ness avenue, from Pacific street to Ellis. All behind this excepting the Russian hill region and a small district lying along the north beach has been swept clean by the flames, and from the steel hulks of buildings, and pipes, Bet streets, was gutted. The Rialto and shafts, and spires have been dropbuilding and dozens of other costly ped into the molten mass of debris structures were also destroyed. The like so much melted wax. The steady Phaminer and the Call buildings are booming of the artillery and the foar gane, also the Crocker building across of the dynamite above the howl and cracking of the flames continues with monotonous regularity. Such noises panic-stricken people since the earthaffhouetted against a background of ceased to heed the sound, and rush bedlum of their own creation. There seemed to be an irresistible power beately heroic measures being taken at

While the heroic fire fighters were making the last stand at the line of Van Ness avenue, panic reigned among firemen and the troops of dynamiters, the survivors in other parts of the who razed building after building and city. The intense heat and absence of water have been so terrible that scores have become frantic and others dropped from exhaustion in the gomery street, practically to Wash streets. The streets are still choked ington street. Along Montgomery with refugees scrambling wildly for an treet are some of the richest banks avenue of escape. Since early mornand commercial houses in San Fran-ing, when the great rush of flames doomed the hotel and apartment house Block after block of banking houses districts along Ellis, O'Farrell and Sutare now masses of red hot ruits and ter streets, men, women and children it will be months before the money have been rushing or staggering under that was houses in their valuable heavy loads of luggage, some to the ferries at the water front in the hope The Palace hotel, a caravansary that of getting to Oakland and the east side ed by the University of California, has sheltered famous people from all of the bay; others to the hills, Golden parts of the world, was burned clean. Gate park, the ocean beach, the Pre-Nearly every big factory building sidio and San Mateo bay. The trip to Close by were the Stanford mansion, less confusion of wires-in fact, San

MAP OF SAN FRANCISCO-SHOWING DESTRUCTION BY FIRE.



The Black Lines Show Approximately the District Burned Over. It Includes Practically All the Closely Settled Part of the City.

miles around the north shore in order to avoid the flames and reach the

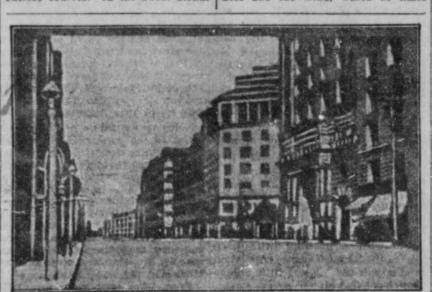
Many dropped to the street under the weight of their loads, and willing the Pacific coast. fathers and husbands, their strength almost gone, strove to pick up and urge them forward again.

Probably 200,000 refugees are strug gling to get out of the city, and hourly the task is becoming more difficult, as the fire and heat cut off avenue after avenue of escape. The streets are filled with struggling people, some crying and weeping and calling for missing loved ones. Crowding all side walks in the threatened area are hundreds upon hundreds of householders attempting to drag some of their effects to places of safety.

There is no aid for any one from outside sources. In the awful scram- ness and the wind, which at times

men were compelled to walk seven private residences in San Francisco, and were built by men whose name they bore in the early days of the city's greatness, and who played such important roles in the development of

San Francisco, April 21.-Plunged into absolute darkness Friday night at 10 o'clock San Francisco had not seen the conclusion of the devastating work of the conflagration. The fire that started at Nob hill and worked its way to the North Beach section, sweeping that section clean of buildings, was later veered around by a fierce wind, and made its way southerly to the immense sea wall sheds and grain warehouses. The flames were heading directly for the immense ferry buildings, the terminal point of all central, overland and local trains of the Southern Pacific road. The dark-



LOOKING DOWN MARKET STREET.

ble for safety, the half-crazed sur- amounted to a gale, added fresh terrors vivors disregard everything but the to the situation. thought of themselves and their prop erty. In every excavation and hole throughout the north beach householders are burying household effects, throwing them into ditches and covering the holes. Attempts are made to mark the graves of the property so that it can be recovered after the flames are appeased. Sufferers are in-

Most of the refugees at this point from their burned tenements with little or no personal property.

The sufferings of many from hunger is pitiful. At 5 o'clock a mob of a hundred or more robbed a bread wagon of its contents. The police! Berkeley and Oakland and is being bed and their daily clothing the only inmates being strangers. distributed in the north end of town protection against the penetrating fog by the relief parties organized by of the ocean or the chilling dew of Mayor Schmitz.

grim faces on the lurid scene below. Women and children and little babies atives who are missing are most pit. grave." iful These crowds are constantly increasing, and the relief committees are doing all in their power to get bed-

ding and food for the homeless. Old landmarks made famous by association with the early history of to the commercial prosperity of the California metropolis, have been wined out of existence by the dread ful conflagration. The Hopkins Art institute, located on "Nob hill," ownand built by Mark Hopkins, was de-Jook like a copy of the city directory. women and children and exhausted away. These were the handsomest! There were no hungry people Sun- plies are now piled up on the wharf. Francisco.

From the ruins of a three-story ledging house at Fifth and Minna streets, 75 corpses have been taken. At least 50 other dead bodies are exposed. This building was one of the first to take fire on Fifth street. At least 100 were lost in the Cosmopolitan, on Fourth street.

that has come to this place can be ernment reservation about to be opened to public settlement.

the morning. Fresh meat disappeared Thousands of people are sleeping Wednesday morning and canned foods Caring for 75.000 People, and Is Prein the hills or standing gazing with and breadstuffs are the only victuals in evidence.

Not alone are the parks the places

been for the sight of the rude altars every train for different points. Reset up in the open air wherever San quests for free transportation are in-Francisco's homeless thousands were camped, one would have had some dif. all the deserving are sent away. Wotion of the city there was the greatest of debris, laborers were repairing of those who are entitled to passes. broken water pipes, sewers and gas mains, electricians everywhere were stroyed, with its priceless contents, seeking to unentangle the almost hope-

day night. The gaunt spectre of starvation has been banished by the mag nificent response of the people of California, in particular, and by the entire nation, in general, to the appeals that went out for assistance. Food by the carload and boatload poured into Oakland Saturday night and Sunday in sufficient quantities to overwhelm the committee which has in charge its distribution. So great was the volume of foodstuffs brought into the general depot at Oakland Mole, that the general committee made an appeal for skilled labor in the handling of these supplies. Grocers, butchers and commission men have been requested to secure men who are familiar in the handling of foodstuffs in order that the confusion attendant upon the distribution at the scores of stations established might go on without con-

The total number of bodies recov ered and buried up to Sunday night is No complete record can be had at this time, as many bodies have been buried without permits from the coroner and the board of health. The searchers of the coroner's board and health department found not more than 20 bodies Sunday. They were buried immediately. A few of these bodies could be identified and the graves were marked with numbers. It is impossible at the present time to obtain any sort of death list or even to make a reliable estimate of the number of casualities. Whenever a body is found it is buried immediately without any formality whatever, and as the burials have been made at widely separated parts of the city by different bodies of searchers who do not even make a prompt report to headquarters, considerable confusion has resulted in estimating the number of casualities, and exaggerated reports have resulted.

The health of the scores of thousands camped in the open air is, under the circumstances, remarkably good. There have, of course, been sev eral cases of pneumonia reported and colds are quite common, but there is nothing like an epidemic of pulmonary troubles. The board of health reports that there is very little contagious disease. For the treatment of those cases hospitals have been provided. An interesting item from the Golden park district Sunday was the report of the birth of 18 babies. These cases have received prompt and efficient attention and the mothers and children removed to the various maternity hospitals.

The fire having exhausted itself, with the exception of the still flaming embers in a thousand places here and there, a press representative, for the purpose of determining with accuracy the boundaries of the conflagration, went out in an automobile which skirt ed the fire on its four sides. The register of this machine at the end of the trip showed that it had traveled 26 miles, which therefore may be taken as the length of the line along which the flames traveled. There are included the financial, commercial and most of the densely populated portion of the residence district, with all the splendid institutions and great mansions that had grown up with the progress of the city. The extent of the burned area is seven square miles.

South of Market street the loss of life was mostly brought about by the collapsing of many cheap and crowled lodging houses. Among others the caving in of the Royal, corner Fourth and Minna streets, added to the horror of the situation by the shrieks of its many scores of victims imbedded in the ruins. The collapsing of the Portland house, on Sixth street, between Mission and Market, came about in a similar manner. Fully 60 persons were entombed amidst the crash of limbs and brick. Many of these were saved before the fire eventually crept to the scene. The large five-story Brunswick rooming house, San Francisco, April 21.-Next to with its 300 rooms filled with guests, vading the few buildings that remain viewing the many square miles of on the corner of Sixth and Howard in the hope of finding something to rulns that once made San Francisco a streets, collapsed entirely and fire eat. They only desist when warned city, no better realization of the ruin started amidst the ruins scarcely five minutes later. It is estimated that At the ferry building a crowd of a gained than by visiting the refugee over 300 persons lost their lives. Part thousand people were gathered beg camps located in the districts which of the large Metropolitan house, corging for food and transportation were untouched by the flames. Golden ner Fifth and Mission streets, colacross the bay. Hundreds have not Gate park was the Mecca of the des- lapsed at the very first tremble. Many even ten cents' car fare to Oakland | titute. | This immense playground of of the sleepers were buried in the the municipality has been converted ruins; others escaped in their night were Chinamen and Italians, who fied into a vast mushroom city that bears clothes. At 775 Mission street, the striking resemblance to the fleeting Wilson house, with its four stories towns located on the border of a gov- and 80 rooms, fell to the ground a mass of ruins. As far as known, very Charles F. Wicks, son-in-law and Many of the homeless people are in Denver house, on lower Third street, possession of comfortable clothing and with its many rooms fared the same made an attempt to interfere, but were bed covering, but the great bulk of fate, and none may ever know how powerless. Bread is arriving from them are in need. The grass is their many were killed, the majority of the

AT OAKLAND.

pared For Twice That Number.

Oakland, Cal., April 23.-Oakland is in arms are huddled together with the of refuge. Every large vacant lot in caring for 75,000 people rendered injured In Golden Gate park the pao- the safe zones has been pre-empted and homeless by the San Francisco disple are crowded together, with gnaw even the cemeteries are crowded. A aster; and is prepared to care for twice ing hunger the companion of all The well known young lady of social polas many. The height of the influx has wail of the injured and the calls of sition when asked Friday where she been reached and the number of the frantic survivors for friends and rel had spent the night, replied: "On a refugees is slightly decreasing. Although they are stil coming in large San Francisco, April 23.—Had it not numbers, still more are leaving on vestigated as closely as possible, and ficulty in finding any of the peaceful men and children and married men California as well as new monuments associations of Sabbath in this city who wish to join their families in dif- graph Cable Co., telegraphed to Presi-Sunday Everywhere throughout the ferent parts of the state are given the burned as well as the remaining sec- preference. The transportation-bureau is on a stret corner where a man contribute \$100,000 toward the erection activity. Streets were being cleared stands on a box and calls the names of a new building for the university.

Buckman, With 800 Tons, Sails. Seattle, Wash., April 22.-The

BODIES CREMATED.

Two Hundred Ordered Burned by Coroner of San Francisco.

The Names of the Dead May Never Be Known-Systematic Search Is Being Made For Other Bodies.

San Francisco, April 23.-Two hundred bodies found in the Potrero dis trict, south of Shannon street, in the vicinity of the Union Iron works, were cremated at the Six Mile house by the order of Coroner Walsh. This information was obtained at the board of health headquarters. Some of the dead were victims of falling buildings, some were killed in the fire, but it is believed by the board of health that the majority died from ptomaine poisoning. So many dead were found in this limited area that cremation was deemed absolutely necessary to prevent disease. The names of some of the dead were learned, but in the majority of cases identification was im possible owing to the mutilation of the features. A systematic search for bodies of the victims of the earthquake and fire is being made by the coroner and state board of health inspectors. The city has been divided into sanitary districts, and squads of searchers have been sent out to every quarter. The ruins of the burned buildings in the business and the old residence section have sufficiently cooled to make the search possible. The body of an infant was found in the center of Union street, near Dupont. There was nothing by which it could be identified. It was learned, however, that a number of people had camped at this place and it is presumed that the child died and was left when the party was forced to move. Three bodies were found in the ruins of the house on Harrison street, between First and Second. They had been burned beyond possibility of identification. At noon reports have been made by deputies sent out by the board of health of the finding of 23 bodies in various parts of the city. Few of them could be identified. The bodies were buried in various places and the graves numbered.

TOTAL OF \$11,869,684.

That Is the Gigantic Sum Reached For Victims of the Big Quake.

New York, April 23.—Contributions from all over the United States for the San Francisco sufferers has reached the grand total of \$11,869,684. In addition, food, clothing and medicinal and other supplies, hundreds of thousands of tons in weight, were being hurried to San Francisco as fast as trains, with the right of way over everything, and steamers could get them there. The trains told of in scattered dispatches were loaded with 3,480 tops of provisions, equaling 2,323,000 rations, enough to feed 300,000 persons for eight days. Congress, heeding a message from the president, appropriated another \$1,000,000.

CHAIRMAN SHONTS.

Arrives From the Isthmus and Praises the Conditions There.

New York, April 23 .- Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the Panama Canal commission, who arrived from the isthmus on the steamer Colon, went to Washington. In an interview Mr. Shonts spoke enthusiastically of the condition of affairs in the canal zone and highly praised the work of Chief Engineer Stevens. The effective working force on the canal April 1 numbered 17,681 persons. Health condiitons, Mr. Shonts said, are most satisfactory, the sick rate being 20 in 1,000. There were 450 vacant beds in the hospital during March.

AN ILLINOIS VETERAN.

Lost Wife and Children, Grandson and Son-in-Law in Frisco.

Danville, Ill., April 23.-Word was received by Capt. E. B. Wicks, commander of Company M at the soldiers' home, of the death of his wife, son few of the inmates were rescued. The daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Allen, and grandson, Paul B. Allen, in the San Francisco earthquake, They resided in a large flat building at 45 Sharon street.

Portland's Subscription.

Portland, Ore., April 23 .- Up to Saturday night the total subscription reported for San Francisco relief work amounted to \$160,000. The committee says that when all subscriptions secured Saturday are reported the total will amount to \$250,000.

Judge McKenna Tenders Resignation. San Juan, P. R., April 23 .- Chas. F. McKenna, of Pittsburg, judge of the federal court of Porto Rico; has cabled his resignation to President Roosevelt. It is reported that the bar association is responsible for Judge McKenna's resignation.

Clarence H. Mackey's Offer.

New York, April 20.-Clarence H. Mackey, president of the Postal Teledeat Wheeler, of the University of California at Berkeley, saying he will

Train Load of Supplies En Route.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 21 .- A government train of 13 cars with a consignsteamer Buckman sailed at noon with ment of tents and supplies for the rehas been wiped out of existence, and a the hills and to the water front was the Huntington, the Flood, the E. W. Francisco was in the first stages of its 800 tons of supplies for San Francisco lief of the earthquake sufferers passed sufferers. Eleven bundred tons of sup- through Pittsburg en route to San

Eastern Kentucky News

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly

MADISON COUNTY. DREYFUS

day .- Harry Johnson made a business trip to Richmond Saturday .-W. P. Sandlin of Richmond was in this vicinity a few days ago.—Law-rence Powell attended court at Lan-rence Powell attend caster Monday. - Dan Morris of Mc- urday on very important business. Kee has been visiting relatives in this vicinity last week.—Jim Morris of Berea was here a few days ago .-W. C. Ogg and wife of Brassfield visited relatives here Sunday.-Lem Kimberlain attended the G. A. R. meeting at Berea Saturday.-Lewis Sandlin and wife of Kingston, were the guests of J. C. Powell and family Sunday.-Everett Jones, who is attending a business college in Lexington is visiting home folks this week .- Mrs. J. K. Sandlin, who has pneumonia, is improving. - Rev. James Parsons filled regular appointment at the Baptist Church Sunday. The attendance was large. Mrs. George Young and daughter Jessie were in our little town Monday.

JACKSON COUNTY. BIRCH LICK

April 23 .- Mr. Moses Brewer, of Birch Lick has been very ill for the past two weeks, but is some better now.--Mr. Neal Vicors has been helping Mr. Henry Hurst break his two three year old mules this week. He got his hand bruised very bad but is some better now .- W. H. Harrison and family returned from Hamilton, Ohio a few days ago .-Mr. Elijah Hurst has bought him a new farm bell and he thinks it is much better than calling.-Father and mother of W. M. Humbaugh him where they will spend the rest of their days.—T. P. Marcum of Birch Lick has just finished painting his houses.—Mr. Johnnie Marcum, son of James Marcum, from Richmond, Ky., visited relatives on Birch Lick last week.—Mr. Thomas

April 20.—J. M. Bullen went to get their crops planted. The hall burt corn crops severely. Big Elm farmers have been planting corn in this county this week.—James Sex
Lick last week.—Mr. Thomas

April 20.—J. M. Bullen went to get their crops planted. The hall burt corn crops severely. Big Elm of green and the sword presented to the great naval commander by a king of France. Nearby a sentry continued. ed his mother last Sunday.

KERBY KNOB April 23.-Farmers are through sowing oats and are now preparing for corn planting .-- Mr. Charles Hirt has just returned from Louisville where he has been gone on business. -Mr. Frank Jones went to Berea today to take produce and bring a load of furniture and house-plunder for Mr. Hirt.-M. M. Brougton passed through here Saturday on business.—It is said that Mr. Morris with W. C. Martin for the past year, Berea is with such a large population neapolis, Des Moines, Denver and Col-Kindred had 500 cross ties burn is very low and expected to live only and no saloons. Every little village orado and the yacht Mayflower. vesterday by fire in the woods.—We a short time.—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. here has a saloon on every corner. are having a good attendance at Sun. Robert Ledford, a fine 14-pound boy. Everything is high here; very comday School now.—We hope it will continue so.—A crowd of young folks Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Martin's Tuesday. visited the Garrett caves Sunday -W. C. Martin visited his brother, evening and all spent a pleasant B. C. Martin Sunday.-Miss Della evening.—Mrs. Wm. Jones visited Peacock visited Miss Mabel and her mother, Mrs. Martha Click, who lives with her son, Henry Click, Bernice M. Reynolds visited Mrs. Thursday and Thursday night.— Crawley Thursday night.—Mr. and Miss Martha Isaacs, who has been Mrs. Charles Martin were in Tuscola

visited Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Pear-

son Sunday. - Miss Bessie Powell is

sewing for Mrs. Jones this week.

ALCORN. April 24.-The farmers are getting along nicely with their work now .-Considerable tanbark is being peeled at this time.—The youngest child of Harlan Johnson died of measles and was buried on Sunday, April 22 .-On Friday fire destroyed a large lot of fencing, turning lots of ground on the "outside" that was most ready to plant in corn. Ben Skinner had over 1600 panels of fence burned. George Perry, who has been living on his land, has now moved to Miller's Creek on account of the fence being burned from around the land he aimed to cultivate.-A. H. Williams was at McKee last week on business .- J. E. Parsons and wife of Drip Rock were here Sunday visiting relatives.- Rev. S. Wells filled his regular appointment at Blanton's Flat Saturday and Sunday.-Wm. Coffey, of near Drip Rock, died Saturday, April 21. He was an old soldier, and drew a pension. - W. B. Murphy and wife visited Burrett Richardson Saturday and Sunday.—Albert Powell has been appointed administrator of the estate of E. P. Lainhart, deceased, and will sell the stock of merchandise and rent the farm in the near future. -Quite a number have been summoned from this county to go to Irvine this week to testify before the

GOOCHLAND. April 24.—Rev. Bill Collins filled his appointment at Pleasant Hill Sunday last .- M. F. Anglin is very ill with malarial fever.-W. Y. McGuire

Grand Jury there.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

Friday.-Mr. Thomas Linville and night shopping. wife visited Mae Todd Sunday evening.-Mr. J. J. Martin went to Conway Monday on business .- Mr. Robert Abney, of Disputanta Ky., visited J. E. McGuire Saturday night. To the Editor of the Citizen. P. S. Callihan, who has been visiting. Dear Sir:-Will you please pubhis daughter, Mrs. Cora Turner, of lish this letter in your paper? I feel bassador and a large number of dis-Emanuel, Ky., has returned home.— that I want to write a letter to all of tinguished naval officers and civil dig-Linville Saturday night. BOONE

Hope and reports a nice time. - J. H. for the Berea Citizen, which I receive Etta Lambert visited her sister, Mrs. my day's work is done and my sup-Chessie Martin of Rockford, Saturday. per eaten, I seat myself and read the —Mrs. Susan Wren and Mrs. Ida Citizen through before I go to bed is very sick .- Mrs. Lou Singleton, the Eighth Kentucky! of Rockford, is visiting at J. W. Last Thursday night, April 12th Lambert's.-Mr. Solomon Knuckles we had a desperate hail storm, with have lately moved in the house with has moved to Boone's Gap.—Rubbie a heavy wind which blowed houses Lambert last Wednesday.

CONWAY. Vicars from Gray Hawk, Ky., visited his mother last Sunday.

ton visited his uncle, Mr. Ed. Sexton
Sunday.—Mr. Eli Coffee visited his daughter, Mrs. Nancy Bullen on Sunday.—Bill Rich, of Rockford was

To the Editor of the Citizen: in Conway Sunday.—There will be Sunday school at Scaffold Cane Baptist Church Sunday at three o'clock.

ILLINOIS NEWS.

TUSCOLA, DOUGLAS COUNTY. April 23.—The farmers here have begun to break the ground for corn. begun to break the ground for corn. some of our Hoosier friends, to show states battleships Alabama, Indiana -Uncle Sam Williams, who has lived them what a hustling little town and Iowa, the cr helping Mrs. Jones with her house. Saturday night.-Mr. Lee McGuire work for some time, has gone home visited his sister, Mrs. Lora Martin, to live with her parents, Mr. and Sunday .- A surprise party was given Mrs. W. Pewell.-Mrs. Curtis Lane to Miss Eila Rideout in honor of her

STOMACH



easily-dis-ordered organs do get out of order, they are the in the world to you. If you took the

right kind of care of them, you wouldn't suffer, but you don't. ble you do have and prevent these parts from getting out of order is to use

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

Everybody knows that PEPSIN is good for the stomach, but in combination with certain plant drugs by DR. CALD-WELL'S formula, its natural value is highly increased.

DR.CALD-WELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN is the best thing in the world for some

is the best thing in the world for cor-recting and curing all forms of stomach can be obtained in both dollar and half-dollar sizes at all druggists, and your money will be refunded if it fails to benefit you.

Your postal card request will bring by return mail our new booklet, "DR. CALDWELL'S BOOK OF WONDERS" and free sample to those who have never tried this wonderful remedy. Mail your postal today.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO. attended church at New Hope Sun-day.—Mrs. Hettie and Miss Martha BEREA. KY.

The best of the state of the st crowd present .- Mrs. Willis Peacock and her daughter Pattie were visitors at Crithur Monday. — Millard Mc Guire was a visitor at J. D. Martin's

Burglars visited our village recently about 1:30 in the morning and did their work in John Sipp's grain office, using dynamite to blow open the safe. Mr. Walk, night operator Jones made a flying trip to Berea for the Frisco road, heard the explo-Thursday.—Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Phil-sions, which were three in number April 24.-Mr. Bose Lain and wife lips spent Sunday with J. A. Anglin and stepped out on the platform visited Mrs. Hazlewood of Mote Sun- and wife.—Stella Phillips is very but did not think of burglars. He seriously ill, with blood poisoning.— saw one large man and two smller Misses Dellia Abney and Nora Balones near the grain office, and knowsaw one large man and two smller who had been employed in this work. The men soon went away and Mr. Walk did not suspect they were bur-April 23.—Misses Bessie and Nora glars until after daylight when the Linville, Mattie and Annie McGuire, safe was found demolished. The burand Virginia Martin visited relatives glars found nothing in the safe of here Sunday.-Quite a large crowd value to them.-Mrs. Susie Garrett, attended Sunday School at Scaffold who has been ill for some time, is grand marble stairway of Bancroft Cane.—Allman Todd, of Crab Or. slowly improving.—Mr. Richard hall, there to rest until the complechard, visited relatives at this place Garrett was in Bourbon Sunday tion of the chapel in which they are to

TEXAS LETTER.

Rodgers, Bell Co., Texas.

Misses Reecie and Mattie McGuire my old friends and relatives back nitaries. visited Misses Bessie and Nora there in the state where I was born and lived all my life with the exception of the last two years and this April 23.—Rev. J. W. Lambert, of scems to me to be the surest way to this place, attended church at New reach all of them. I am a subscriber Lambert and wife visited David and read with much joy, eager to Grant and wife last week. - Mrs. hear from all of you people. After Wren visited Etta Lambert last and I holler hurrah! for the old sol-Wednesday. - Joseph Wren's baby dier who is writing out the history of

Lambert visited his brother James away and destroyed hundreds of things. The farmers are running their cotton planters early and late

INDIANA LETTER.

Valley Mills, Ind., April 16.

I send you a few items along with my subscription, which I hope you will find room to print.

The Citizen has indeed been a past two years. When we are thru all, under the command of Adm. Cammon cows, seventy-five dollars, com. being from the French vessels. mon horses, two to two hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Mr. Charles Russell, formerly of Kentucky, and a brother to your writer, was married in Indianapolis, ing while bodybearers, selected from Wednesday, to one of our Hoosier belles. Mr. Russell has been employed by the firm of Lout & Co. for the past two years.

Kentuckians here. I hardly know what opinion Hoosiers have of Kentucky, as they sometimes ask if we have any schools and churches and so forth. Then I just hand them the Citizen. It gives me great pleasure You have to have such a good paper to let! them read.

Work is all the go here. People your stome Work is all the go here. Teople real under contact and the cerbowels and This is a good place for fortune emonies were at an end. your livereverybody
does. And
when these
delicate and
Mrs. G. W. Bratcher. Mrs. G. W. Bratcher.

> A good square piano for sale or rent at Chrisman's, the furniture man.

S. R. BAKER

Dentist

Over Printing Office BEREA, KY.

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I have good, young Beef Store at the east end of Chestnut street. Also good, fresh with the knowledge that it must be Groceries at lowest possible done, however tremendous. prices. Call and see me and save money.

B. F. HARRISON, Phone 106.

JOHN PAUL JONES.

Remains of the First American Admiral Placed in Crypt At Bancroft Hall.

CEREMONIES VERY IMPRESSIVE.

President Roosevelt and Many Noted Foreign Representatives Particitate in the Ceremonies.

No Ceremony Was Ever Attended In American Naval History With Like Inspiring and Impressive Action, That Marked This Event.

Annapolis, Md., April 25 .- The remains of John Paul Jones were Tuesday placed in the crypt beneath the grand marble stairway of Bancroft be deposited.

Crowds such as Annapolis has not known for many years, if ever before, lined the streets and stood expectantly about the railroad station long be fore the train arrived bearing President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, members of the cabinet, the French am-

As President Roosevelt entered the grounds a national salute of 21 guns boomed out from the old U. S. S. Hartford, once the flagship of Adm. Farragut. Drawn up opposite the resdence of the superintendent to receive the head of the nation was the Maribo battalion and the naval academy

An elaborate luncheon given by Adm. Sands, at which there were about 150 guests, preceded the formal exercises of the day.

Early Tuesday morning the casket containing the remains of the long dead admiral had been removed from the temporary vault in which they have rested since being brought from France, and deposited in the new armory of the naval academy.

The oaken casket was quite hidden from view by a Union Jack, and upon April 23 .- J. M. Bullen went to to get their crops planted. The hail it rested two crossed palms, a wreath the vigil that has never ceased since the casket, recovered after so much patient labor by Gen. Horace Porter, first rested upon American soil.

Flying the Colors of France. Out in the bay, miles distant, but most of them clearly visible from the naval academy, rode at anchor three great warships flying the tri-color of welcome visitor to our home for the France, the Admiral Aube, the Conde and the Marseiller, first-class cruisers

From these came more than 1,500 sailors and marines, 200 of the former

When the president entered the armory it was to face 10,000 standing, cheering men and women. At the close of the several addresses the audience rose and remained stand-

among the petty officers of the United States and French warships, lifted the casket and bore it from the armory. Just outside it was placed upon a We have found a multitude of truck and the procession moved slowly toward Bancroft Hall.

The way was led by Chaplain Henry Clark, U. S. N. He was followed by a file of marines, the midshipmen officers and then by the naval academy band, playing the dead march from

When the casket had been placed beneath the stairway, where it is to

RAILROADS TO REMOVE DEBRIS. Special Tracks Will Be Laid and

Every Facility Afforded.

San Francisco, April 25 .- As a wel-

come relief to the officials and citizens of San Francisco who have looked upon the ruins of the city, and upon the monotonous piles of bricks and stone and twisted iron that were once their homes and places of business is the announcement that the Southern Pacific railway will aid in the work of tearing away the debris. The railroad officials are ready to build a track through the heart of the devastated city, from Harrison street to the bay, and to run their flat cars in for the wreckage that must be removed before new buildings can arise and normal conditions be restored. In this great work it is announced that between 3,000 and 4,000 men will be employed. The railroads will carry the debris wherever the authorities and Pork at all times at my want it taken, and by so doing will DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUPPEPSIN Meat Market and Grocery make possible the performance of the enormous task that has been terrifying to those who looked forward to it

> Lipton Sends Big Donation. London, April 25 .-- Sir Thomas Lipton, who is accompanying King Edward at the Olympic games festival at Athens, has cabled a message of sympathy to Mayor Schmitz of San Francisco with a donation of \$5,000 for the sufferers.

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US

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Blind Headache

"About a year ago," writes Mrs. Mattie Allen, of 1123 Broadway, Augusta, Ga., "I suffered with blind, sick headaches and backaches, and could get no relief until I tried

Woman's Relief

I immediately commenced to improve, and now I feel like a new woman, and wish to recommend it to all sick women, for I know it will cure them, as it did me." Cardui is pure, medicinal extract of vegetable herbs, which relieves FREELY and frankly, describing your symptoms. We will consider your case and give you free advice (in plain sealed female pains, regulates female functions, tones up the organs to a proper state of health. envelope). Don't hesitate, but write today. Address: Ladies' Ad-visory Dept., The Chattanooga Medi-dne Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. Try it for your trouble.

Every druggist sells it in \$1.00 bottles.

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